

```
> with(plot s) : Di gi t s : =100: i nt er f ace( di spl aypr eci si on=10) : wi t h  
( l i n a l g) :
```

```
> N: =4;
```

```
bb: =vect or( N+1, [ ] ) : #f or p r i n t i n g o n l y = b[ ]  
bet a: =vect or( N, [ ] ) :
```

```
al pha: =vect or( N, [ ] ) :
```

```
gamm =vect or( N, [ ] ) : #hei t h s of l o w e r e n d s of h a n g i n g b r a n c h e s  
# al pha[ i ] + gamma[ i ] < 1 !!!!!!!  
#i f gamma[ i ] > 0
```

```
al pha[ 1 ] : =0. 7: bet a[ 1 ] : =2: gamm[ 1 ] : =0. 0:  
al pha[ 2 ] : =0. 3: bet a[ 2 ] : =3: gamm[ 2 ] : =0. 2: #  
al pha[ 2 ] : =0. 2: bet a[ 2 ] : =3: gamm[ 2 ] : =0. 2: #  
al pha[ 3 ] : =1. 0: bet a[ 3 ] : =4: gamm[ 3 ] : =0. 0: #  
#al pha[ 4 ] : =0. 4: bet a[ 4 ] : =5: gamm[ 4 ] : =0. 4:  
#al pha[ 5 ] : =1. 0: bet a[ 5 ] : =9: gamm[ 5 ] : =0:  
#al pha[ 6 ] : =0. 6: bet a[ 6 ] : =7: gamm[ 6 ] : =0. 2: #  
#al pha[ 7 ] : =1. 0: bet a[ 7 ] : =6: gamm[ 7 ] : =0. 0: #  
al pha[ N ] : =0. 45: gamm[ N ] : =0. 55:  
i : =' i ' : bet a[ N ] : =al pha[ N ] / ( 1 - sum( al pha[ i ] / bet a[ i ] , i =1 . . N - 1 ) ) ;  
i f bet a[ N ] < 0 t h e n p r i n t ( ` E R R O R - m a k e b e t a ' s l a r g e r ` ) f i ;
```

```
p r i n t ( ` a l p h a = ` , al pha) ;  
p r i n t ( ` b e t a = ` , bet a) ;  
p r i n t ( ` g a m m a = ` , gamm) ;  
i : =' i ' :  
bet a_ const : =sum( al pha[ i ] , i =1 . . N) ;  
i : =' i ' :  
#f or j f r o m 1 t o N d o  
#bet a[ j ] : =bet a_ const ;  
#od:
```

```
b[ 1 ] : =0:  
f or j f r o m 1 t o N d o  
b[ j + 1 ] : =b[ j ] + al pha[ j ] / bet a[ j ] :  
od: i : =' i ' :  
b[ N+ 1 ] : =1:  
ag: =vect or( N, [ ] ) :  
al : =vect or( N, [ ] ) :  
a: =vect or( N, [ ] ) :  
c: =vect or( N, [ ] ) :  
f or j f r o m 1 t o N d o
```

```

bb[j] := b[j];
ag[j] := bet a[j] * b[j];
al[j] := -1 + bet a[j] * b[j+1];
od:
bb[N+1] := 1:
for j from 1 to N do
a[j] := ag[j] - gamm[j];
od:

print(`b =`, bb);
print(`ag =`, ag);
print(`al =`, al);
print(`a =`, a);
print(`gamma =`, gamm);

```

>

```

N := 4
beta_4 := 1.3500000000

alpha =, [ 0.7000000000 0.2000000000 1.0000000000 0.4500000000 ]
beta =, [ 2 3 4 1.3500000000 ]
gamma =, [ 0.0000000000 0.2000000000 0.0000000000 0.5500000000 ]
betaconst := 2.3500000000
b =, [ 0 0.3500000000 0.4166666667 0.6666666667 1 ]
ag =, [ 0 1.0500000000 1.6666666667 0.9000000000 ]
al =, [ -0.3000000000 0.2500000000 1.6666666667 0.3500000000 ]
a =, [ 0.0000000000 0.8500000000 1.6666666667 0.3500000000 ]
gamma =, [ 0.0000000000 0.2000000000 0.0000000000 0.5500000000 ]

```

>

```

> # ag shows maximal digit (greedy)
# al shows minimal digit (lazy) ##### if ag[j]=al[j] then j is
onto branch and there is #
no choice there
# a shows digits assigned automatically using the vector U: U(j)
=1 lazy U(j)=
# 0 greedy
# we can assign digit arbitrarily between minimum and maximum
and then put 2 into vector U

```

```

# Now we will name points c[i] (there is KK + number of 2's in U
points c[i])
# and create a vectors si dec[], i neqc[], si gnc[] which shows the
character of the point c[i]
Kc:=0:# new number of c points
for j from 1 to N do if alpha[j]<1 then Kc:=Kc+1 fi od:
for j from 1 to N do if (gam[j]>0 and alpha[j]+gam[j]<1) then
Kc:=Kc+1 fi od:
print(`Kc =`, Kc);
c:=vector(2*N, []):
si dec:=vector(2*N, []):# 1 left (use uT), 0 right (use T)
j_of_c:=vector(2*N, []):# shows the index of the interval
associated with c

```

```

cj:=1:# this is the new index for c points
for j from 1 to N do
if (alpha[j]<1 and gam[j]+alpha[j]=1) then c[cj]:=b[j]; si dec
[cj]:=1; j_of_c[cj]:=j; cj:=cj+1 fi;
if (gam[j]>0 and gam[j]+alpha[j]<1) then c[cj]:=b[j]; si dec
[cj]:=1; j_of_c[cj]:=j; cj:=cj+1 ;
c[cj]:=b[j+1]; si dec[cj]:=0; j_of_c[cj]:=j;
cj:=cj+1 fi;
if (alpha[j]<1 and gam[j]=0) then c[cj]:=b[j+1]; si dec[cj]:=
0; j_of_c[cj]:=j; cj:=cj+1 fi;

```

```

od:
print(`c =`, c);
print(`si dec =`, si dec);
print(`j_of_c =`, j_of_c);

```

>

>

>

```

uint_of_x:=x->piecewise(x<b[2], 1, # This function needs additions
by hand for

```

```

causes plotting problems

```

```

programs

```

```

# N9 . Automatic procedure

```

```

# but is used in other

```

```

x<b[3], 2,

```

```

x<b[ 4] , 3,
x<b[ 5] , 4,
x<b[ 6] , 5,
x<b[ 7] , 6,
x<b[ 8] , 7,
x<b[ 9] , 8,
9);
int_of_x:=x->piecewise(x<=b[ 2] , 1, # This function needs additions
by hand for
causes plotting problems
# N9 . Automatic procedure
# but is used in other
programs

```

```

x<=b[ 3] , 2,
x<=b[ 4] , 3,
x<=b[ 5] , 4,
x<=b[ 6] , 5,
x<=b[ 7] , 6,
x<=b[ 8] , 7,
x<=b[ 9] , 8,
9);
x:=' x' :
uT:=x->bet a[uint_of_x(x)] * x- a[uint_of_x(x)];
T:=x->bet a[int_of_x(x)] * x- a[int_of_x(x)];
Tc:=vector( Kc+2, []):
for j from 1 to Kc do
if sidec[j]=0 then Tc[j]:=T(c[j]);
else Tc[j]:=uT(c[j])fi;
od:
print(`Tc = `, Tc);

plot([' uT(x)', x, 0, 1, Tc[ 1], Tc[ 2], Tc[ 3], Tc[ 4] ], x=0.. 1, thickness=
[ 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]);
plot([' T(x)', x, 0, 1, Tc[ 1], Tc[ 2], Tc[ 3], Tc[ 4] ], x=0.. 1, thickness=[ 2,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]);

```

$$Kc =, 4$$

$$c =, \left[0.3500000000 \quad 0.3500000000 \quad 0.4166666667 \quad 0.6666666667 \quad c_5 \quad c_6 \quad c_7 \quad c_8 \right]$$

$$sidec =, \left[0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad sidec_5 \quad sidec_6 \quad sidec_7 \quad sidec_8 \right]$$

$$j_of_c =, \left[1 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 4 \quad j_of_c_5 \quad j_of_c_6 \quad j_of_c_7 \quad j_of_c_8 \right]$$

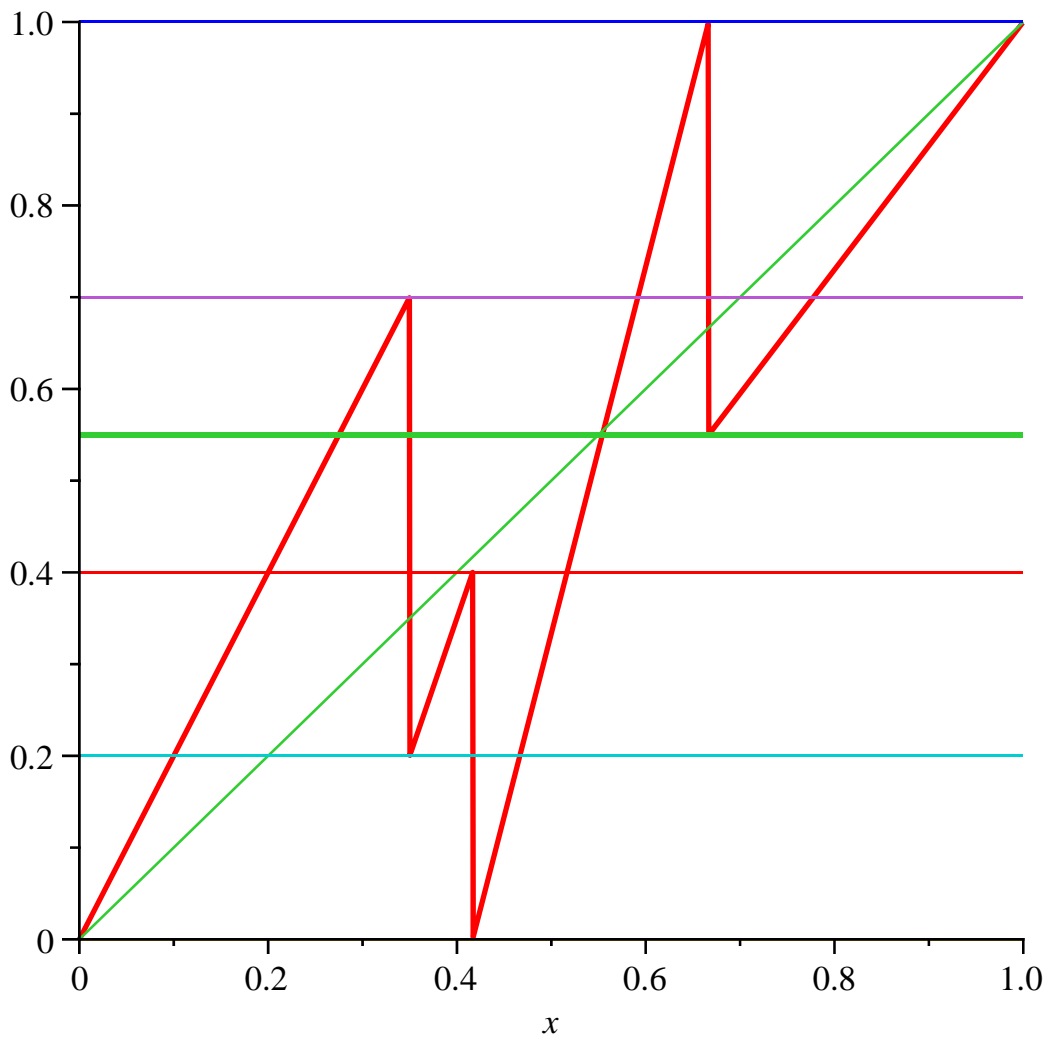
$uint_of_x := x \rightarrow piecewise(x < b_2, 1, x < b_3, 2, x < b_4, 3, x < b_5, 4, x < b_6, 5, x < b_7, 6, x < b_8, 7, x < b_9, 8, 9)$

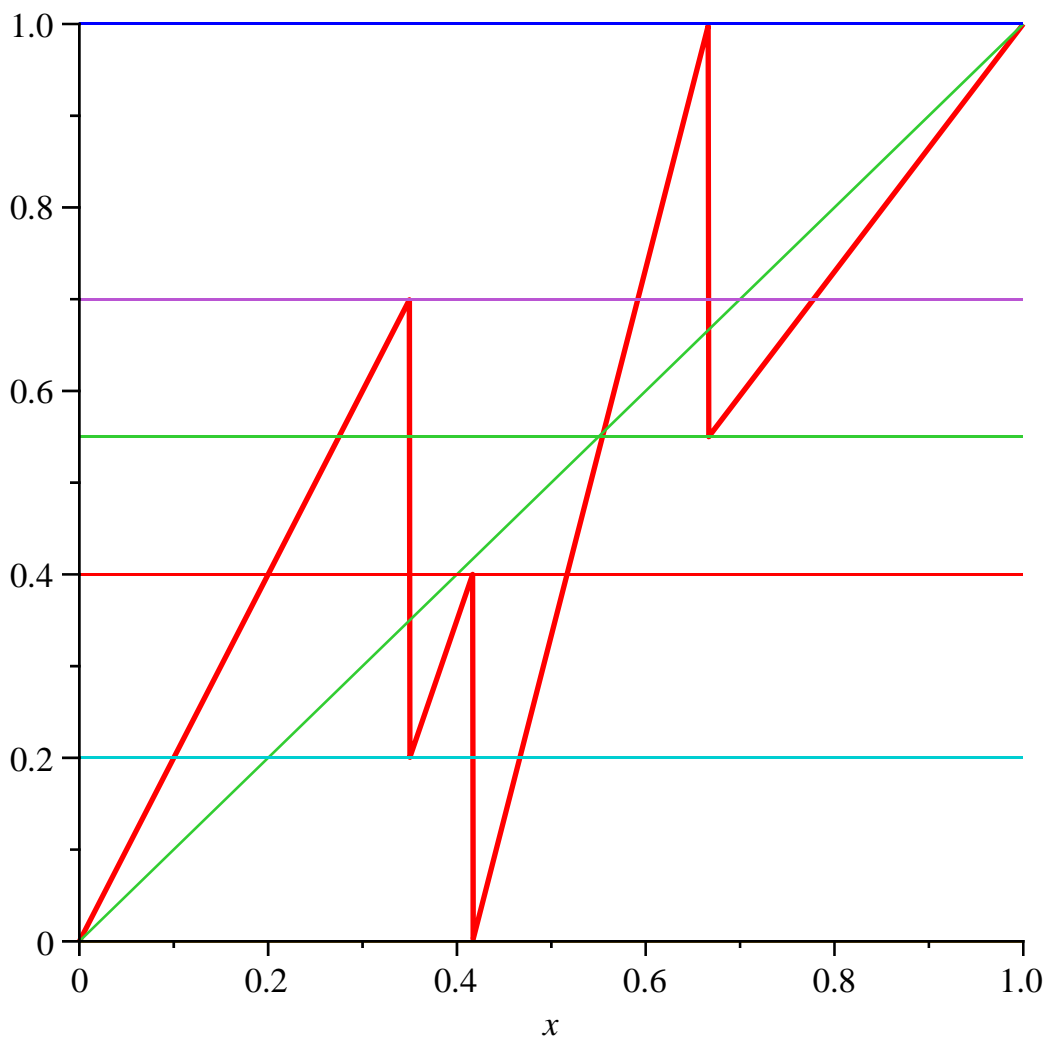
$int_of_x := x \rightarrow piecewise(x \leq b_2, 1, x \leq b_3, 2, x \leq b_4, 3, x \leq b_5, 4, x \leq b_6, 5, x \leq b_7, 6, x \leq b_8, 7, x \leq b_9, 8, 9)$

$$uT := x \rightarrow \beta_{uint_of_x(x)} x - a_{uint_of_x(x)}$$

$$T := x \rightarrow \beta_{int_of_x(x)} x - a_{int_of_x(x)}$$

$Tc = , [0.70000000000 0.20000000000 0.40000000000 0.55000000000 Tc_5 Tc_6]$





```

> del t a1:=( xw, yw) -> pi ecewi se( xw<=yw, 0, 1) :
del t a2:=( xw, yw) -> pi ecewi se( xw<yw, 0, 1) :
# symbol ic versi ons of al pha, bet a
al ps:=vect or( N, [ ] ) :
bet s:=vect or( N, [ ] ) :
# Procedure produci ng coeffi cients i n the non si mplified
equat i ons
Dc:=proc( k, x) local val, i i 4;

if ( si dec[ k]=0 and k<= Kc) then
    val :=S[ k] ;
    val :=val - sum( del t a1( x, Tc[ i i 4] ) * SS[ k, i i 4] * del t a1( 0. 5,
si dec[ i i 4] ) / bet s[ j _of _c[ i i 4] ] , i i 4=1.. Kc) ;
    val :=val - sum( del t a1( Tc[ i i 4] , x) * SS[ k, i i 4] * del t a1( si dec
[ i i 4] , 0. 5) / bet s[ j _of _c[ i i 4] ] , i i 4=1.. Kc) ;
    val :=val - del t a2( Tc[ k] , x) / bet s[ j _of _c[ k] ] ;
end if ;
if ( si dec[ k]=1 and k<= Kc) then
    val :=S[ k] ;
    val :=val - sum( del t a1( x, Tc[ i i 4] ) * SS[ k, i i 4] * del t a1( 0. 5,
si dec[ i i 4] ) / bet s[ j _of _c[ i i 4] ] , i i 4=1.. Kc) ;
    val :=val - sum( del t a1( Tc[ i i 4] , x) * SS[ k, i i 4] * del t a1( si dec

```

```

[ i i 4], 0. 5) / bet s[j_of_c[ i i 4]], i i 4=1..Kc);
    val := val - del t a2(x, Tc[k]) / bet s[j_of_c[k]];
end if;
if ( k = Kc+1) then
    val := 1- sum( 1/ bet s[ i i 4], i i 4=1..N);
    val := val +sum( del t a1(x, Tc[ i i 4]) * del t a1( 0. 5, si dec[ i i 4])
/ bet s[j_of_c[ i i 4]], i i 4=1..Kc);
    val := val +sum( del t a1( Tc[ i i 4], x) * del t a1( si dec[ i i 4], 0. 5)
/ bet s[j_of_c[ i i 4]], i i 4=1..Kc);

end if;
    return val;
end proc;

```

```

for k from 1 to Kc+1 do
Dc(k, 0. 6);
od;
#

```

Dc := **proc**(*k*, *x*)

local *val*, *ii4*;

if *sidec*[*k*]=0 **and** *k* <= *Kc* **then**

val := *S*[*k*];

val := *val* - (sum(*delta1*(*x*, *Tc*[*ii4*]) * *SS*[*k*, *ii4*] * *delta1*(0.5000000000, *sidec*[*ii4*]) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*ii4*]], *ii4* = 1 ..*Kc*));

val := *val* - (sum(*delta1*(*Tc*[*ii4*], *x*) * *SS*[*k*, *ii4*] * *delta1*(*sidec*[*ii4*], 0.5000000000) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*ii4*]], *ii4* = 1 ..*Kc*));

val := *val* - *delta2*(*Tc*[*k*], *x*) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*k*]]

end if;

if *sidec*[*k*]= 1 **and** *k* <= *Kc* **then**

val := *S*[*k*];

val := *val* - (sum(*delta1*(*x*, *Tc*[*ii4*]) * *SS*[*k*, *ii4*] * *delta1*(0.5000000000, *sidec*[*ii4*]) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*ii4*]], *ii4* = 1 ..*Kc*));

val := *val* - (sum(*delta1*(*Tc*[*ii4*], *x*) * *SS*[*k*, *ii4*] * *delta1*(*sidec*[*ii4*], 0.5000000000) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*ii4*]], *ii4* = 1 ..*Kc*));

val := *val* - *delta2*(*x*, *Tc*[*k*]) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*k*]]

end if;

if *k*=*Kc* + 1 **then**

val := 1 - (sum(1 / *bets*[*ii4*], *ii4* = 1 ..*N*));

val := *val* + sum(*delta1*(*x*, *Tc*[*ii4*]) * *delta1*(0.5000000000, *sidec*[*ii4*]) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*ii4*]], *ii4* = 1 ..*Kc*);

val := *val* + sum(*delta1*(*Tc*[*ii4*], *x*) * *delta1*(*sidec*[*ii4*], 0.5000000000) / *bets*[*j_of_c*[*ii4*]], *ii4* = 1 ..*Kc*)

end if;

return val

end proc

$$\begin{aligned} S_1 &= \frac{SS_{1,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_1} \\ S_2 &= \frac{SS_{2,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_2} \\ S_3 &= \frac{SS_{3,3}}{bets_2} \\ S_4 &= \frac{SS_{4,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \\ 1.0000000000 &= \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_3} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

> # Chosing x's and actually producing the coefficients in the non simplified equations

```
CofD:=matrix(Kc+1, Kc+1, []);
```

```
xc:=vector(Kc+1, []);
```

```
Tc[Kc+1]:=0;
```

```
Tc[Kc+2]:=1;
```

```
Tcl:=convert(Tc, list);
```

```
Tc_s:=sort(Tcl, '<');
```

```
print(Tc_s);
```

```
for i from 1 to Kc+1 do
```

```
x:=(Tc_s[i]+Tc_s[i+1])/2;
```

```
xc[i]:=x;
```

```
for k from 1 to Kc+1 do
```

```
CofD[i, k]:=Dc(k, x);
```

```
od;
```

```
od;
```

```
print(`xc =`, xc);
```

```
print((CofD));
```

```
CofD:=array(1..5, 1..5, [])
```

```
Tc5:=0
```

```
Tc6:=1
```

```
[0, 0.2000000000, 0.4000000000, 0.5500000000, 0.7000000000, 1]
```

```
xc =, [ 0.1000000000 0.3000000000 0.4750000000 0.6250000000 0.8500000000 ]
```

$$\left[\left[S_1 - \frac{SS_{1,2}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{1,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{SS_{2,2}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{2,4}}{bets_4}, S_3 - \frac{SS_{3,2}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{3,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_4 - \frac{SS_{4,2}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{4,4}}{bets_4}, 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_3} \right], \right] \quad (2)$$

$$\left[S_1 - \frac{SS_{1,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{SS_{2,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{SS_{3,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_4 - \frac{SS_{4,4}}{bets_4}, \right.$$

$$\left. 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_3} \right],$$

$$\left[S_1 - \frac{SS_{1,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{1,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{SS_{2,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{2,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{SS_{3,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{3,4}}{bets_4}, S_4 \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{SS_{4,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{4,4}}{bets_4}, 1 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_3} \right],$$

$$\left[S_1 - \frac{SS_{1,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{SS_{2,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{SS_{3,3}}{bets_2}, S_4 - \frac{SS_{4,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_4}, \right.$$

$$\left. 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_3} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \right],$$

$$\left[S_1 - \frac{SS_{1,1}}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{1,3}}{bets_2}, S_2 - \frac{SS_{2,1}}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{2,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{SS_{3,1}}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{3,3}}{bets_2}, S_4 \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{SS_{4,1}}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{4,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_4}, 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_3} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \right] \Bigg]$$

```

> i xc :=vector( Kc, [] ):
for i from 1 to Kc do
level :=Tc[i];
for j from 1 to Kc+1 do
if (si dec[i]=1 and xc[j]<level) then i xc[i]:=j fi;
if (si dec[i]=0 and xc[j]<=level) then i xc[i]:=j fi;
od:
od:
print(`i xc = `, i xc);

for i from 1 to Kc+1 do
vD[i] :=row( Cof D, i );
od:
for i from 1 to Kc do
if si dec[i]=0 then nvD[i] :=eval m( vD[ i xc[i]+1 ] - vD[ i xc[i] ] ) fi;
if si dec[i]=1 then nvD[i] :=eval m( vD[ i xc[i] ] - vD[ i xc[i]+1 ] ) fi;
od:

nvD[ Kc+1 ] :=eval m( vD[ 2 ] - nvD[ 4 ] ); # Thi s t o BE ADJUSTED BY HAND
Cof D_n :=matrix( Kc+1, Kc+1, [] ):
for i from 1 to Kc+1 do
for j from 1 to Kc+1 do
Cof D_n[ i, j ] :=nvD[ i ][ j ];
od; od;

```

eval m(Cof D_n);

$$ixc = , [4 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3]$$

$$nvD_5 := \left[S_1 - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_4 - \frac{1}{bets_4}, 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_3} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \right]$$

$$\left[\left[-\frac{SS_{1,1}}{bets_1} + \frac{1}{bets_1}, -\frac{SS_{2,1}}{bets_1}, -\frac{SS_{3,1}}{bets_1}, -\frac{SS_{4,1}}{bets_1}, \frac{1}{bets_1} \right], \right.$$

(3)

$$\left[-\frac{SS_{1,2}}{bets_2}, -\frac{SS_{2,2}}{bets_2} + \frac{1}{bets_2}, -\frac{SS_{3,2}}{bets_2}, -\frac{SS_{4,2}}{bets_2}, \frac{1}{bets_2} \right],$$

$$\left[-\frac{SS_{1,3}}{bets_2}, -\frac{SS_{2,3}}{bets_2}, -\frac{SS_{3,3}}{bets_2} + \frac{1}{bets_2}, -\frac{SS_{4,3}}{bets_2}, \frac{1}{bets_2} \right],$$

$$\left[-\frac{SS_{1,4}}{bets_4}, -\frac{SS_{2,4}}{bets_4}, -\frac{SS_{3,4}}{bets_4}, -\frac{SS_{4,4}}{bets_4} + \frac{1}{bets_4}, \frac{1}{bets_4} \right],$$

$$\left[S_1 - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_4 - \frac{1}{bets_4}, 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_3} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \right]$$

>

> for i from 1 to Kc+1 do # this part works only after running the program to the end and returning

vD[i] := row(Cof D_n, i); # Then, RUN IT TWICE

od; # This checks if the last equation of EQS is dependent of the others

for i from 1 to Kc do

if si dec[i]=0 then

 et a[i] := 1 - alpha[j_of_c[i]] - gam[j_of_c[i]];

 else

 et a[i] := gam[j_of_c[i]];

end if;

print(i, et a[i]);

od;

for i from 1 to Kc+1 do

sD[i] := sum(et a[i 56] * vD[i 56][i], i 56=1..Kc) + vD[Kc+1][i];

od;

for i from 1 to N do

bet s[i] := bet a[i];

al ps[i] := al pha[i];

od;

det (Cof D_n);

$$vD_1 := \left[-\frac{SS_{1,1}}{bets_1} + \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{2,1}}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{3,1}}{bets_1} - \frac{SS_{4,1}}{bets_1} \frac{1}{bets_1} \right]$$

$$vD_2 := \left[-\frac{SS_{1,2}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{2,2}}{bets_2} + \frac{1}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{3,2}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{4,2}}{bets_2} \frac{1}{bets_2} \right]$$

$$vD_3 := \left[-\frac{SS_{1,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{2,3}}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{3,3}}{bets_2} + \frac{1}{bets_2} - \frac{SS_{4,3}}{bets_2} \frac{1}{bets_2} \right]$$

$$vD_4 := \left[-\frac{SS_{1,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{SS_{2,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{SS_{3,4}}{bets_4} - \frac{SS_{4,4}}{bets_4} + \frac{1}{bets_4} \frac{1}{bets_4} \right]$$

$$vD_5 := \left[S_1 - \frac{1}{bets_1}, S_2 - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_3 - \frac{1}{bets_2}, S_4 - \frac{1}{bets_4}, 1.0000000000 - \frac{1}{bets_1} - \frac{1}{bets_2} - \frac{1}{bets_3} - \frac{1}{bets_4} \right]$$

1, 0.3000000000

2, 0.2000000000

3, 0.6000000000

4, 0.5500000000

$$sD_1 := -6.791384593 \cdot 10^{-17}$$

$$sD_2 := -2.973587825 \cdot 10^{-22}$$

$$sD_3 := -2.936432413 \cdot 10^{-17}$$

$$sD_4 := -7.357393059 \cdot 10^{-18}$$

$$sD_5 := 1. \cdot 10^{-100}$$

$$2.955838406 \cdot 10^{-19}$$

(4)

>

> **ud:=vector(50):Digits:=100;NN:=50;#Expansion with variable
sl opes**

d:=vector(50):

xx:=evalf(rand()/10^12);

xxt:=xx:

bet:=1:

for i from 1 to NN do

bet:=bet/beta[ui nt_of_x(xxt)];

ud[i]:=a[ui nt_of_x(xxt)];

udb[i]:=a[ui nt_of_x(xxt)]*bet;

xxt:=uT(xxt);

od:

```

xxt := xx;
bet := 1;
for i from 1 to NN do
bet := bet / bet a[ ui nt _of _x( xxt ) ];
d[ i ] := a[ ui nt _of _x( xxt ) ];
db[ i ] := a[ ui nt _of _x( xxt ) ] * bet ;
xxt := T( xxt );
od:
pr i nt ( ud ) ;
ul s_ i t _x := eval f ( sum( udb[ j 1 ] , j 1=1 . . NN ) ) ;
pr i nt ( d ) ;
l s_ i t _x := eval f ( sum( db[ j 1 ] , j 1=1 . . NN ) ) ;
t err := xx- ul s_ i t _x;
err := xx- l s_ i t _x;

```

Digits := 100

NN := 50

xx := 0.3957188605

[0.8500000000, 0.0000000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 1.6666666667, 1.6666666667,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667,
1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000]

uIs_it_x := 0.3957188605

[0.8500000000, 0.0000000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 1.6666666667, 1.6666666667,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667,
1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667,
0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000,
1.6666666667, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000, 0.3500000000]

Is_it_x := 0.3957188605

terr := 5.708673503 10⁻¹⁴

err := 5.708673503 10⁻¹⁴



>

>

> NN:=50; chi :=(x1, x2, t) ->piecewise(t <x1, 0, t <=x2, 1, 0);
uchi :=(x1, x2, t) ->piecewise(t <x1, 0, t <x2, 1, 0);

#Expansion of c1, c2 ... and all the S's

```
for i from 1 to Kc do
xxt:=c[i];
bet:=1:
  for n from 1 to NN+1 do
    if sidedec[i]=1 then intx:=uint_of_x(xxt) else intx:=
int_of_x(xxt) fi;
    bet_real:=bet;
    bet:=bet/beta[intx];
    dcb[i, n]:=a[intx]*bet;

    if sidedec[i]=0 then
      for ii from 1 to Kc do
        if xxt>c[ii] then cc[i, ii, n]:=1*bet_real else
cc[i, ii, n]:=0 fi;
        od;
        if intx=1 then Sc[i, n]:= 0
          else Sc[i, n]:=sum( 1/( beta[j7] ), j7=1..
intx-1)*bet_real fi;

        #####
          else
            for ii from 1 to Kc do
              if xxt<c[ii] then cc[i, ii, n]:=1*bet_real else
cc[i, ii, n]:=0 fi;
              od;
              if intx=N then Sc[i, n]:= 0
                else Sc[i, n]:=sum( 1/( beta[j8] ), j8=
intx+1..N)*bet_real fi;

            fi;
            val c[i, n]:=xxt;
            betc[i, n]:=bet_real;
            if sidedec[i]=1 then xxt:=uT(xxt) else xxt:=T(xxt) fi;
            od:
            ls_int_x:=sum( dcb[i, j1], j1=1..NN);
            od;
            for i from 1 to Kc do
```

```

S[i] := eval f ( sum( Sc[ i , j 2+1] , j 2=1. . NN ) ) ;

od;
for i from 1 to Kc do
for j from 1 to Kc do
SS[i , j] := eval f ( sum( cc[ i , j , j 1+1] , j 1=1. . NN ) ) ;

#print ( ` SS[ ` , i , j , ` ] = ` , SS[ i , j ] ) :
od; od:

```

$NN := 50$

$\chi := (x1, x2, t) \rightarrow \text{piecewise}(t < x1, 0, t \leq x2, 1, 0)$
 $uchi := (x1, x2, t) \rightarrow \text{piecewise}(t < x1, 0, t < x2, 1, 0)$
 $xxt := 0.3500000000$
 $bet := 1$
 $Is_it_x := 0.3500000000$
 $xxt := 0.3500000000$
 $bet := 1$
 $Is_it_x := 0.3500000000$
 $xxt := 0.4166666667$
 $bet := 1$
 $Is_it_x := 0.4166666667$
 $xxt := 0.6666666667$
 $bet := 1$
 $Is_it_x := 0.6666666667$
 $S_1 := 1.0540178573$
 $S_2 := 0.7004357298$
 $S_3 := 0.2837797619$
 $S_4 := 0.7444201532$

(6)

>
>

```

MM =matrix( Kc, Kc, [ ] ) :
for i from 1 to Kc do
for j from 1 to Kc do

MM[ j , i ] := - SS[ i , j ] ;
od; od;
print ( ` MM = ` , MM ) ;

```

```

print ( ` ei genval ues MM = ` , ei genval ues( MM ) ) ;
print ( ` 1/ average bet a = ` , 1/ ave_bet a ) ;

```

```

ve:=vect or ( Kc, [ ] ):
for i from 1 to Kc do
ve[i]:=1;

```

```

MM[i, i]:=MM[i, i]+1. 0;
od:

```

```

pri nt ( MM );
pri nt ( ve );

```

```

DD:=l i nsol ve( MM, ve );
sum( ( S[ i i 7 ] - 1/ bet a[ j _of _c[ i i 7 ] ] ) * DD[ i i 7 ], i i 7=1. . Kc ) - ( 1- sum
( 1/ bet a[ i 8 ], i 8=1. . N ) );

```

$$MM = \begin{bmatrix} -1.0767857144 & -0.3529411765 & -0.4529761905 & -0.0135030864 \\ -1.0767857144 & -0.3529411765 & -0.4529761905 & -0.0135030864 \\ -1.0767857144 & -0.5882352941 & -0.1196428572 & -0.0192901235 \\ -0.6267857146 & -0.5882352941 & -0.0696428572 & -0.9923804012 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvalues MM =, -1.8837904905, -1.750986509 10⁻¹⁷, 0.3121363228, -0.9700959816

$$1/\text{average beta} = \frac{1}{\text{ave_beta}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.0767857144 & -0.3529411765 & -0.4529761905 & -0.0135030864 \\ -1.0767857144 & 0.6470588235 & -0.4529761905 & -0.0135030864 \\ -1.0767857144 & -0.5882352941 & 0.8803571428 & -0.0192901235 \\ -0.6267857146 & -0.5882352941 & -0.0696428572 & 0.0076195988 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DD := \begin{bmatrix} -0.8761081723 & -0.8761081723 & -0.8834704259 & -16.5385663803 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2.071233814 \cdot 10^{-16}$$

(7)

>

```

densi ty:=proc(t) local j, i, den;
i:='i':
#den:=sum( chi ( b[ i ], b[ i +1 ], t ) / bet a[ i ], i =1. . N );
den:=1:
for j from 1 to Kc do
if si dec[ j ]=0 then
den:=den+ DD[ j ] * sum( ( chi ( 0, val c[ j, i 1+1 ], t ) ) *
bet c[ j, i 1+1 ], i 1=1. . 50) fi ;
if si dec[ j ]=1 then

```

```
den:=den+ DD[j] * sum( ( uchi ( val c[j, i 1+1], 1, t) ) *  
bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) f i ;
```

```
od;  
r et urn den;
```

```
end proc;
```

```
#Nor mal i zi ng fact or
```

```
NC:=1;
```

```
for j from 1 to Kc do
```

```
if sidec[j]=0 then
```

```
NC:=NC+DD[j] * sum( ( val c[j, i 1+1] ) * bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) f i ;
```

```
if sidec[j]=1 then
```

```
NC:=NC+DD[j] * sum( ( 1- val c[j, i 1+1] ) * bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) f i ;
```

```
od:
```

```
pr i nt ( ` NC = ` , NC) ;
```

```
pl ot ( [ ( 1/ NC) * densi t y( t ) ] , t=0. . 1- 0. 000001, y=0. . 2. 2, col or=bl ack,  
t hi ckness=2) ;
```

```
density := proc(t)
```

```
local j, i, den;
```

```
i := 'i';
```

```
den := 1;
```

```
for j to Kc do
```

```
if sidec[j]=0 then
```

```
den := den + DD[j] * ( sum(chi(0, valc[j, i l + 1], t) * betc[j, i l + 1], i l = 1 ..50) )
```

```
end if;
```

```
if sidec[j]=1 then
```

```
den := den + DD[j] * ( sum(uchi(valc[j, i l + 1], 1, t) * betc[j, i l + 1], i l = 1 ..50) )
```

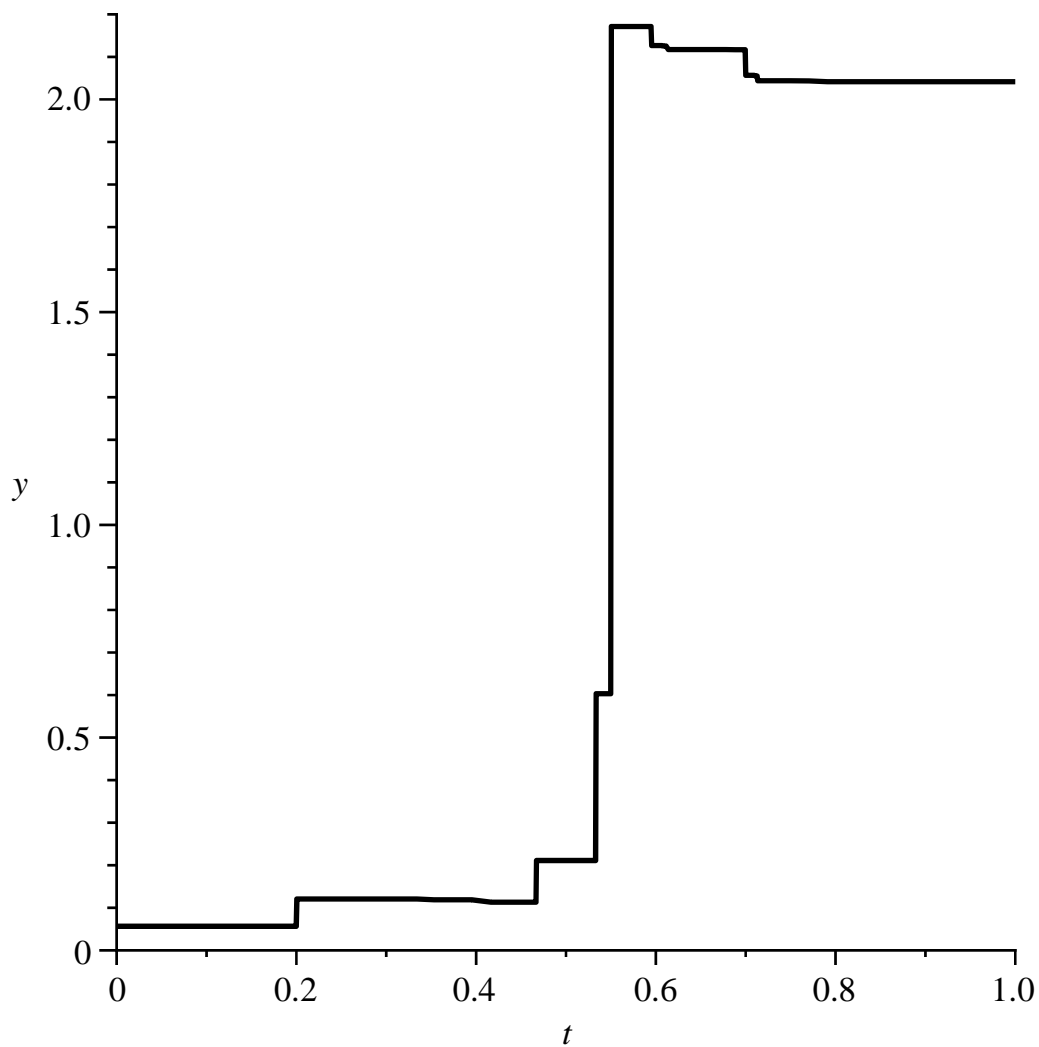
```
end if
```

```
end do;
```

```
return den
```

```
end proc
```

```
NC = , -7.8118065695
```

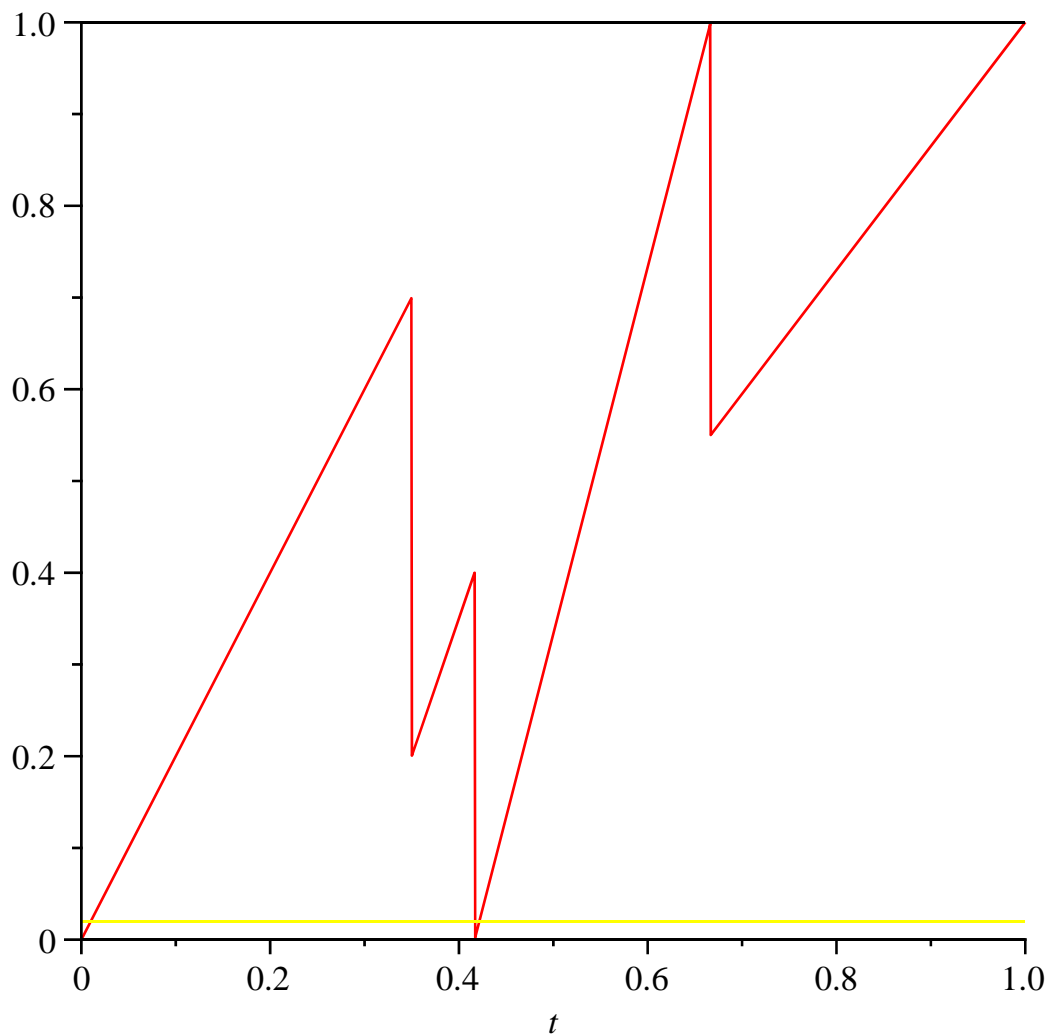
>
>

```

#check density
#preimages
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
y[j6] := j6/10 + (0.1) * rand() / 10^12;
od;
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
for i3 from 1 to N do
pre[i3] := (y[j6] + a[i3]) / beta[i3];
od;
plot([T(t), 0, 1, y[j6]], t=0..1,
color=[red, black, black, yellow]);
su:=0;
for i3 from 1 to N do
if (pre[i3] >= b[i3] and pre[i3] <= b[i3+1]) then
su := su + evalf(density(pre[i3]) / beta[i3]);
print(i3);
fi;
od;
err[j6] := evalf(density(y[j6]) - su);
od;

```

```
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
print(`y =`, y[j6]);
print(`err[, j6, `]=`, err[j6]);
od;
```

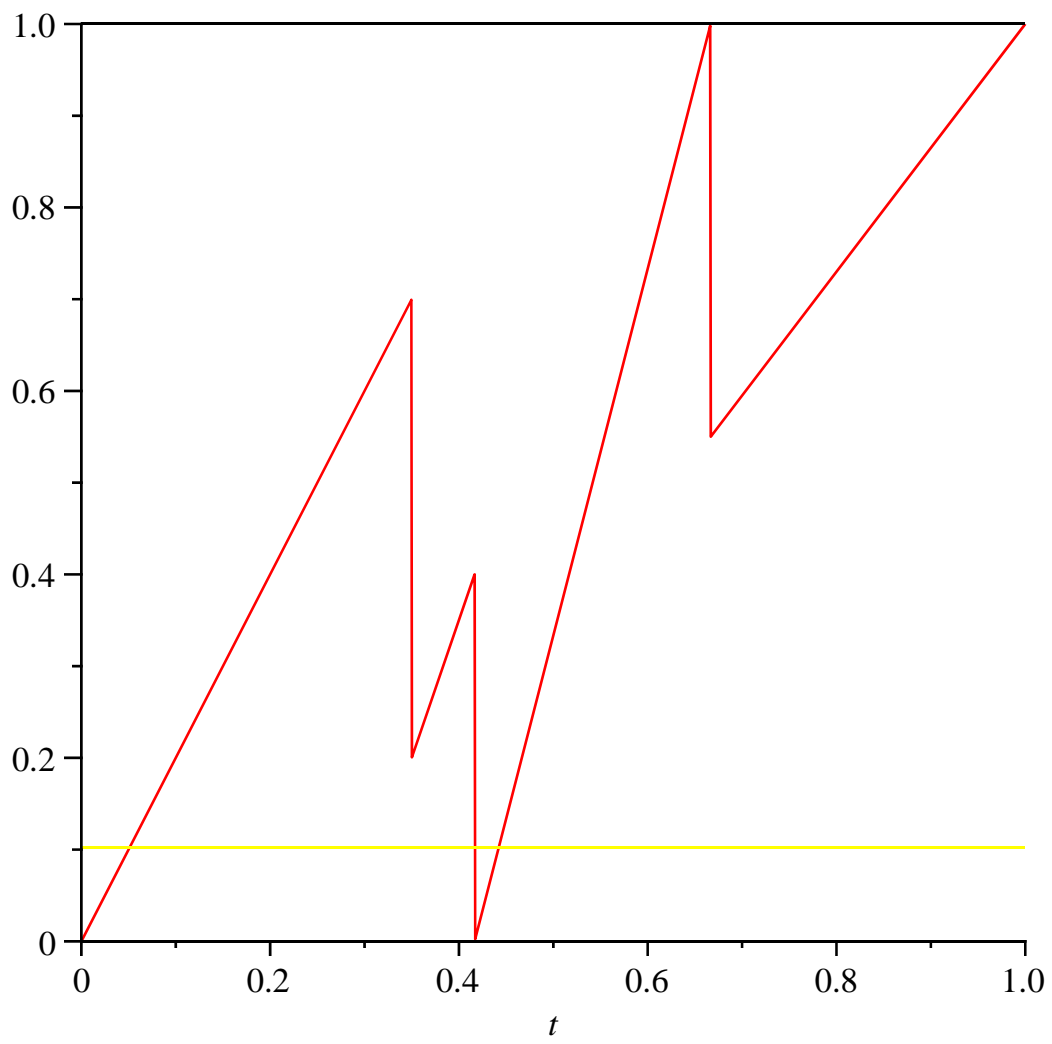


su := 0

1

3

*err*₀ := -1.009208108 10⁻¹⁶

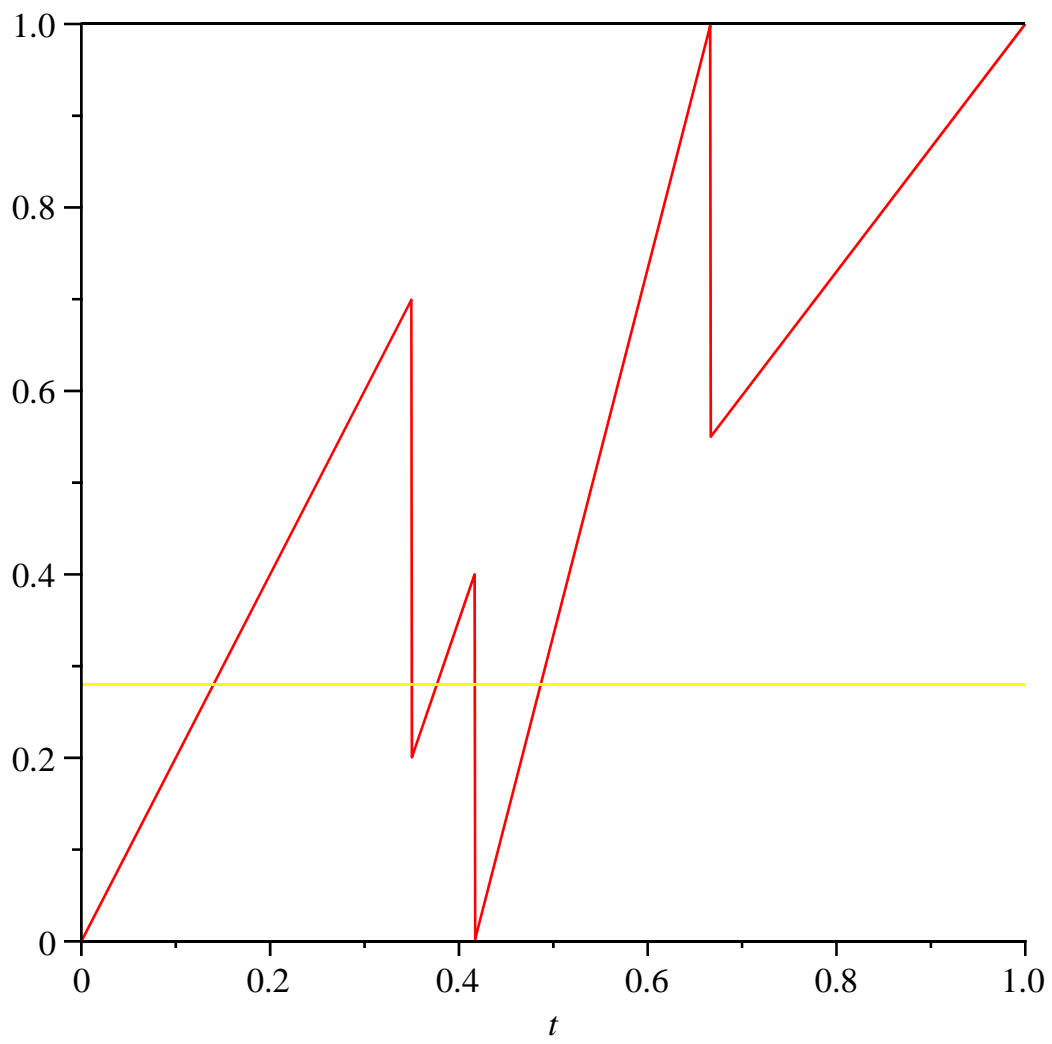


$su := 0$

1

3

$err_1 := -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$



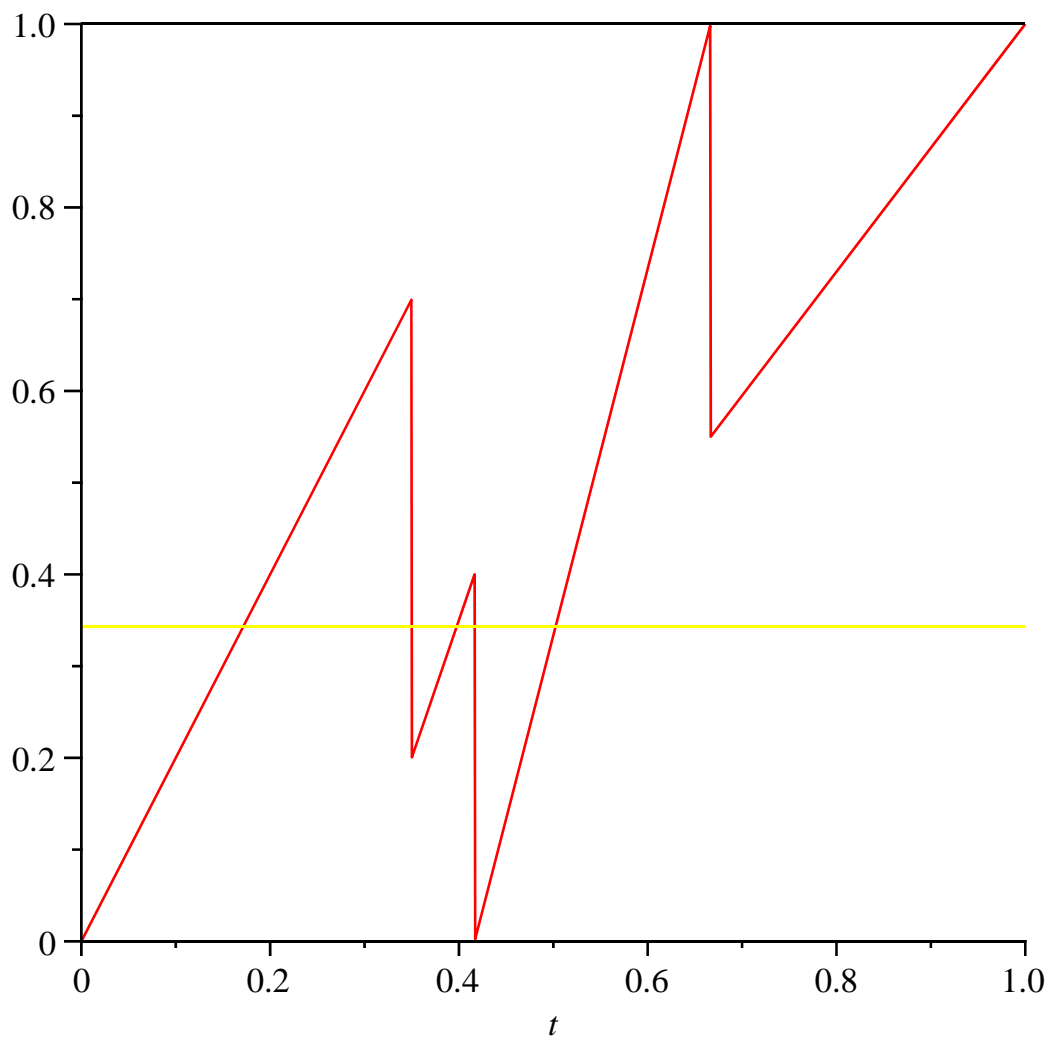
$su := 0$

1

2

3

$err_2 := -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$



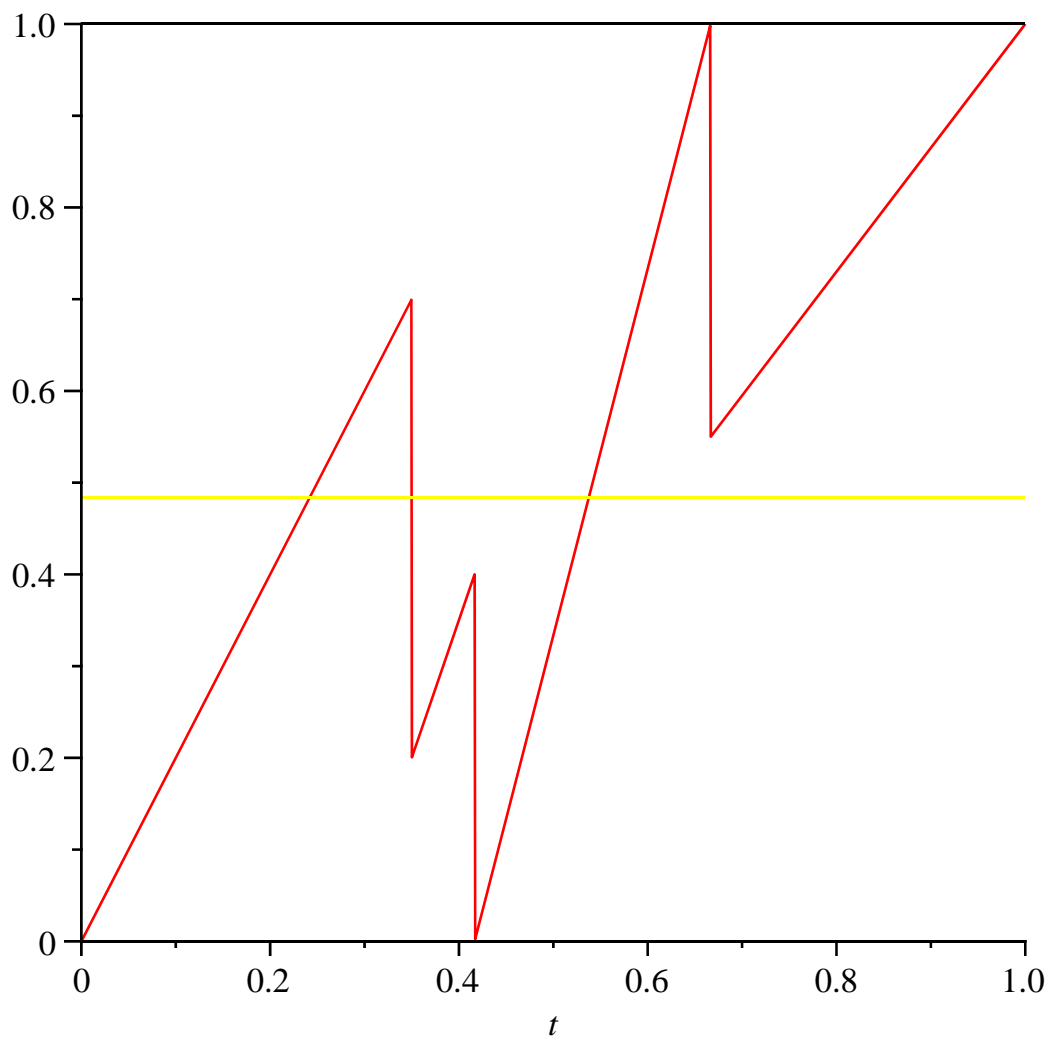
$su := 0$

1

2

3

$err_3 := -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$

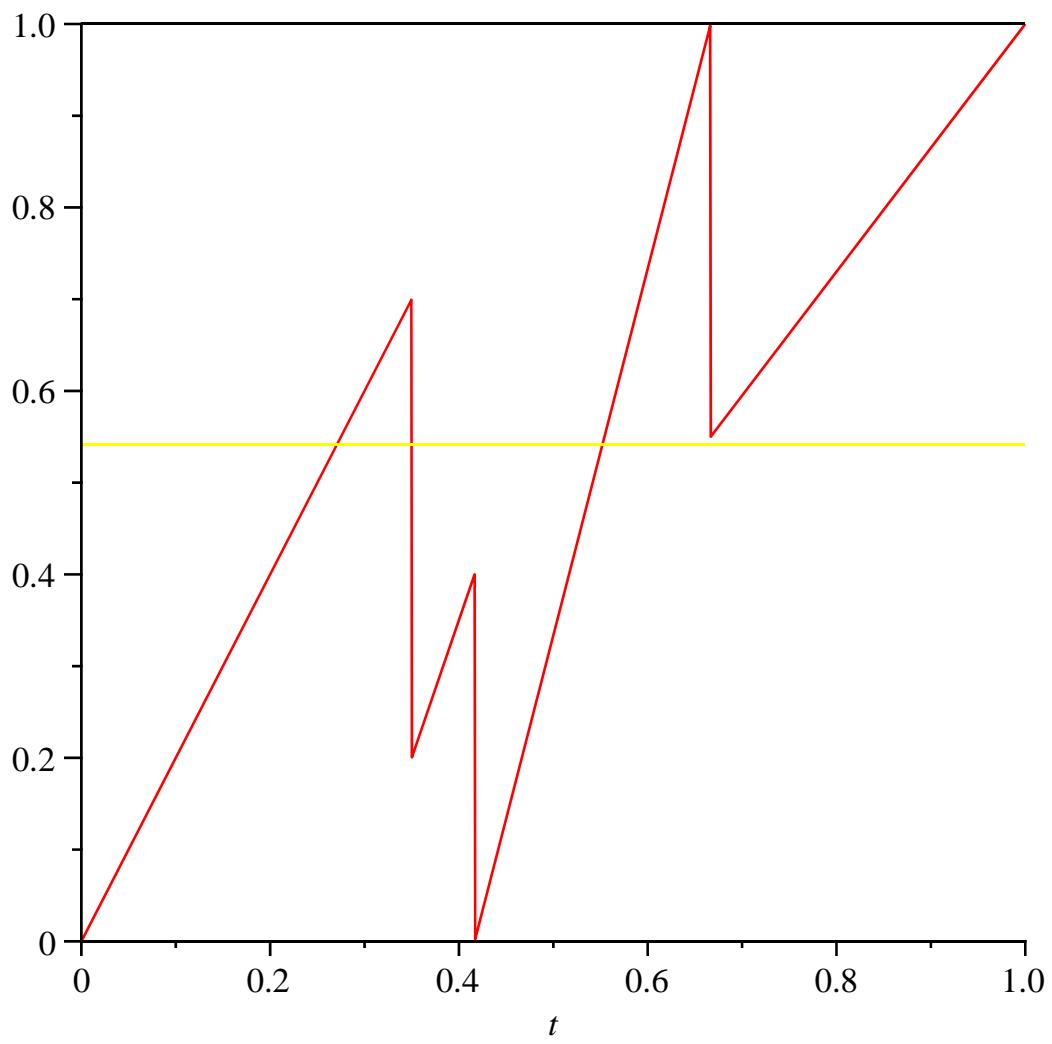


$su := 0$

1

3

$err_4 := -1.009204100 \cdot 10^{-16}$

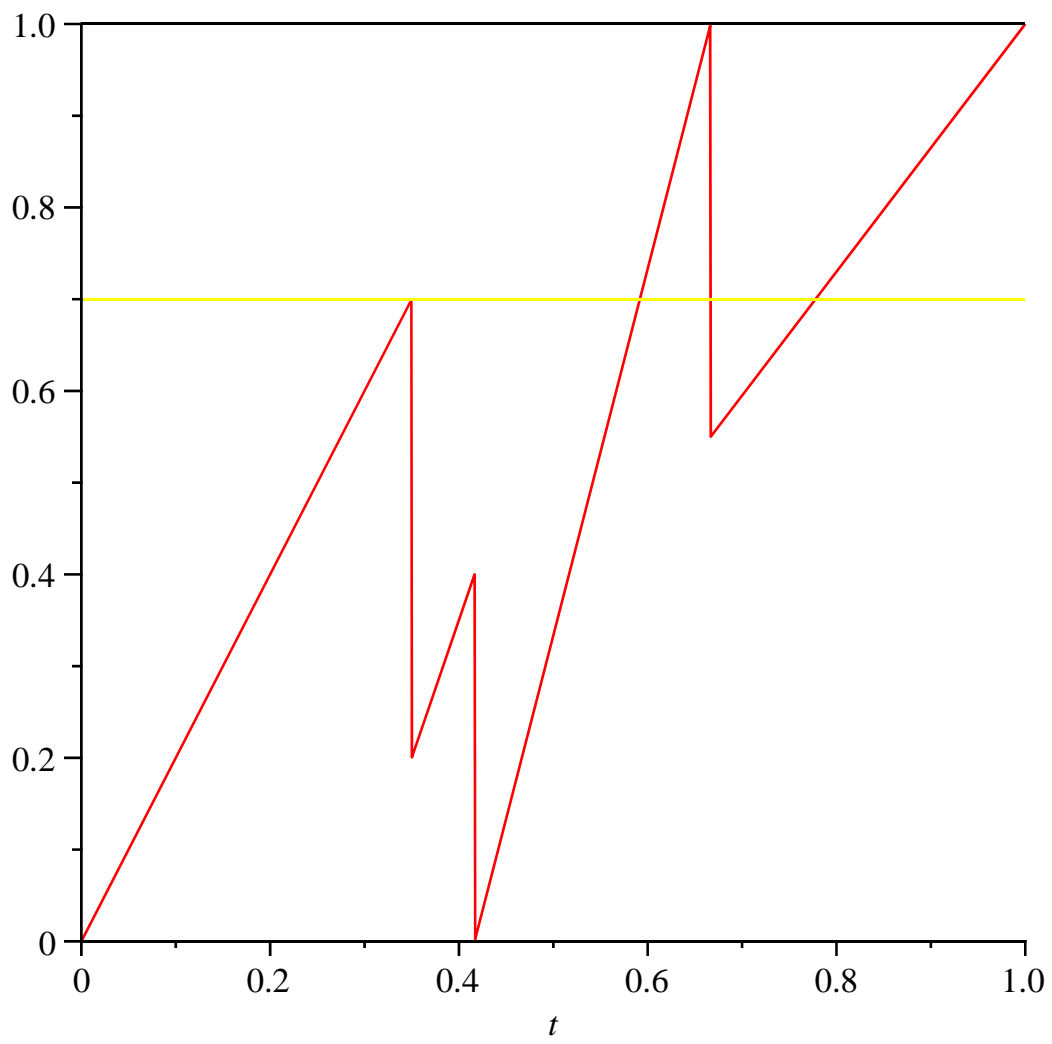


$su := 0$

1

3

$err_5 := -1.009204100 \cdot 10^{-16}$



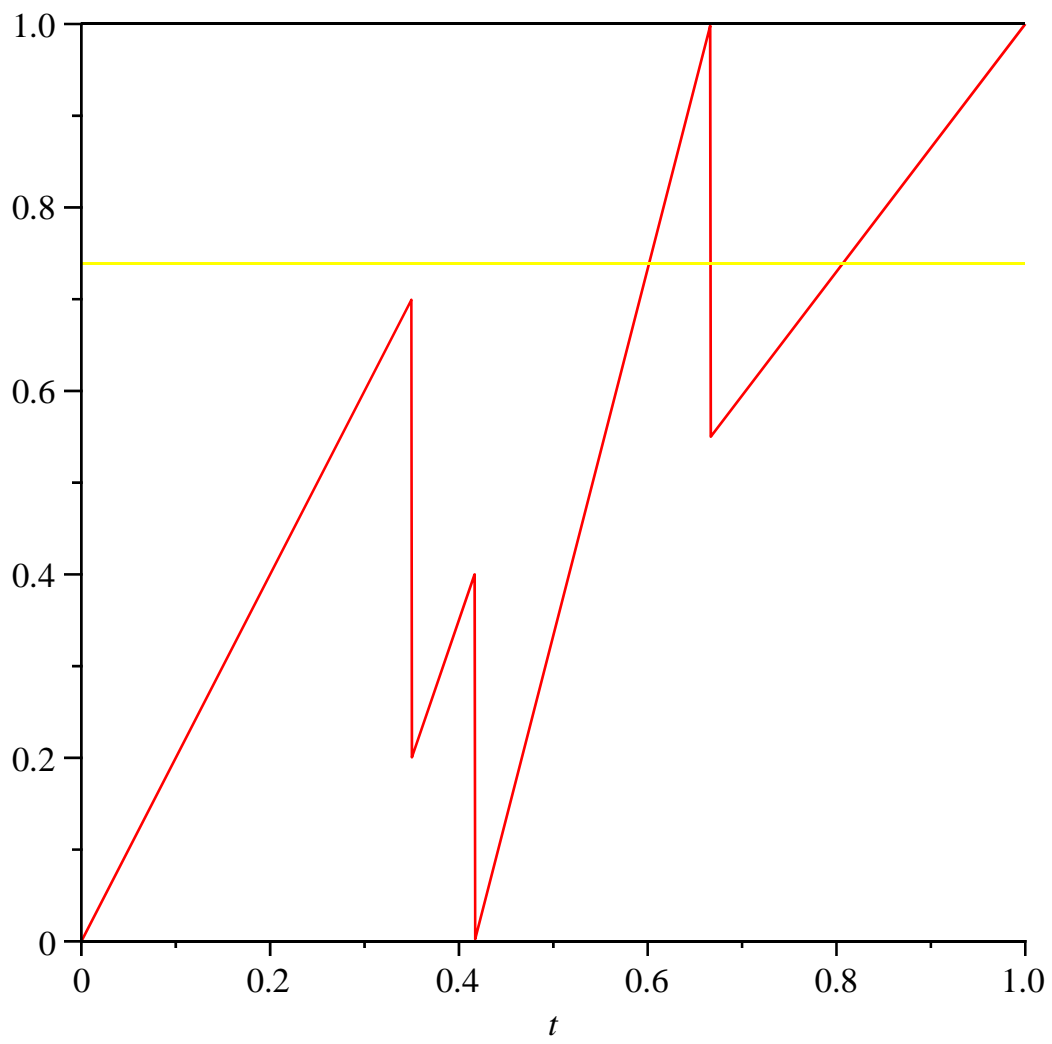
$su := 0$

1

3

4

$err_6 := 2.384518506 \cdot 10^{-16}$

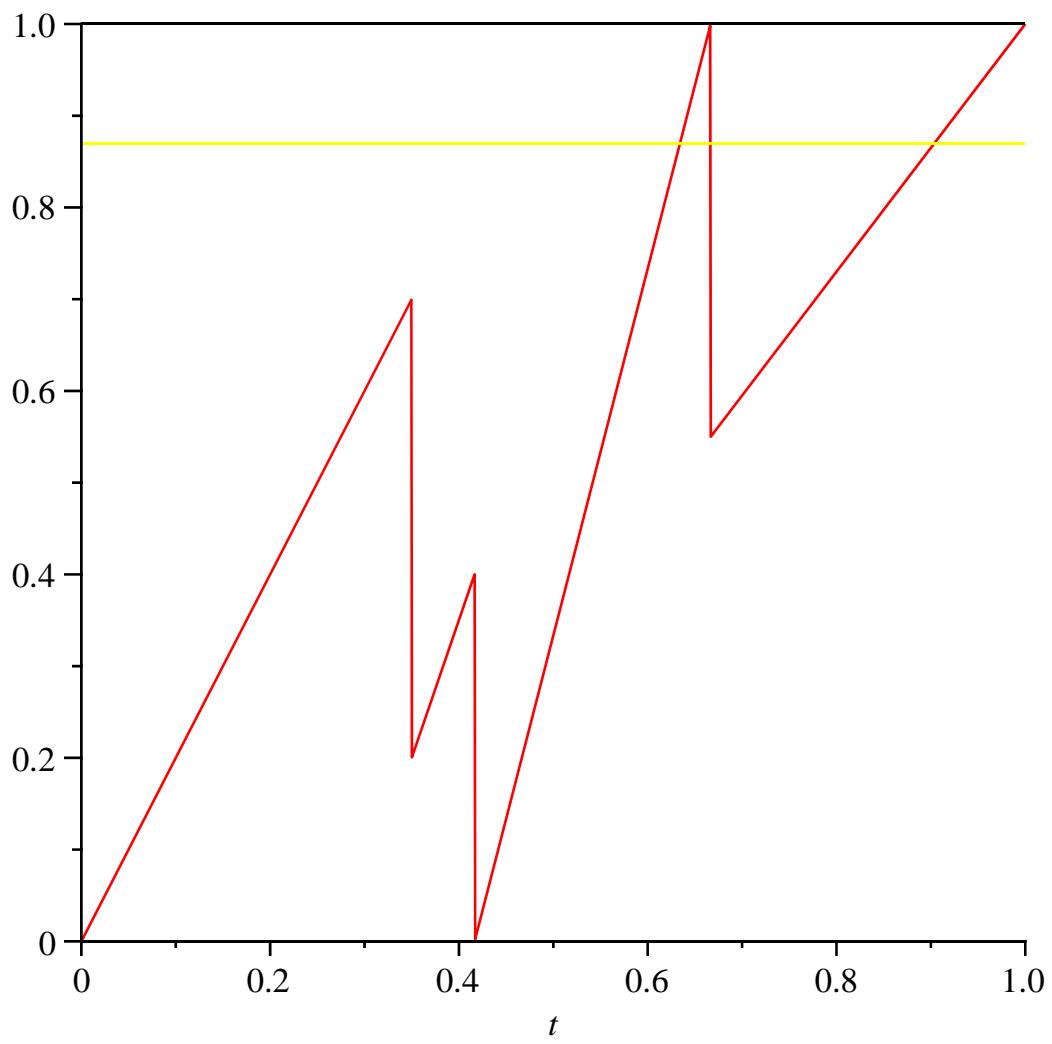


$su := 0$

3

4

$err_7 := 2.384518506 \cdot 10^{-16}$

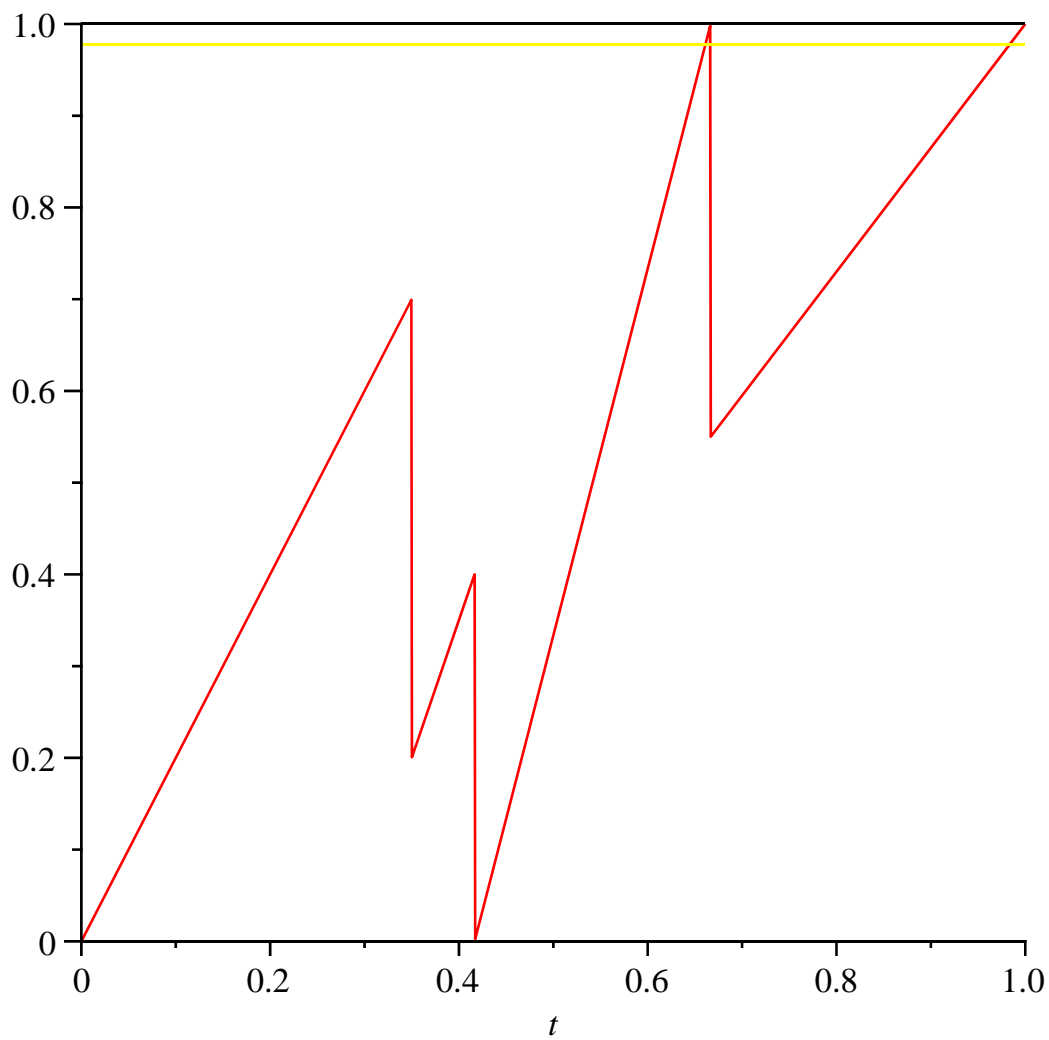


$su := 0$

3

4

$err_8 := 2.384518506 \cdot 10^{-16}$



$su := 0$

3

4

$err_0 := 1.722837568 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.0193139816$

$err[0, J] =, -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.1022424170$

$err[1, J] =, -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.2800187484$

$err[2, J] =, -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.3427552057$

$err[3, J] =, -1.009208108 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.4842622684$

$err[4, J] =, -1.009204100 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.5412286286$

$err[5, J] =, -1.009204100 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y =, 0.6996417214$

$err[6, j] = 2.384518506 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y = 0.7386408307$

$err[7, j] = 2.384518506 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y = 0.8694607189$

$err[8, j] = 2.384518506 \cdot 10^{-16}$

$y = 0.9773012980$

$err[9, j] = 1.722837568 \cdot 10^{-16}$

