

```
> with(plot.s): Digits:=100: interface(dspaypreci si on=10): with
(Linalg):
```

```
>
```

```
N:=4;
```

```
bb:=vector(N+1, []): #for printing only = b[]
```

```
beta:=vector(N, []):
```

```
alpha:=vector(N, []):
```

```
gamma:=vector(N, []): #heights of lower ends of hanging branches
```

```
# alpha[i]+gamma[i]<1 !!!!!!!
```

```
#if gamma[i]>0
```

```
#Lazy
```

```
alpha[1]:=0.5: beta[1]:=2: gamma[1]:=0.5:
```

```
alpha[2]:=1: beta[2]:=3: gamma[2]:=0.0: #
```

```
alpha[3]:=0.8: beta[3]:=4: gamma[3]:=0.2: #
```

```
#alpha[4]:=0.4: beta[4]:=5: gamma[4]:=0.4:
```

```
#alpha[5]:=1.0: beta[5]:=9: gamma[5]:=0:
```

```
#alpha[6]:=0.6: beta[6]:=7: gamma[6]:=0.2: #
```

```
#alpha[7]:=1.0: beta[7]:=6: gamma[7]:=0.0: #
```

```
alpha[N]:=0.3: gamma[N]:=0.7:
```

```
i:='i': beta[N]:=alpha[N]/(1-sum(alpha[i]/beta[i], i=1..N-1));
```

```
if beta[N] < 0 then print(`ERROR - make beta's larger `) fi;
```

```
print(`alpha =`, alpha);
```

```
print(`beta =`, beta);
```

```
print(`gamma =`, gamma);
```

```
i:='i':
```

```
beta_const:=sum(alpha[i], i=1..N);
```

```
i:='i':
```

```
#for j from 1 to N do
```

```
#beta[j]:=beta_const;
```

```
#od:
```

```
b[1]:=0:
```

```
for j from 1 to N do
```

```
b[j+1]:=b[j]+alpha[j]/beta[j]:
```

```
od: i:='i':
```

```
b[N+1]:=1:
```

```
ag:=vector(N, []):
```

```
al:=vector(N, []):
```

```
a:=vector(N, []):
```

```
c:=vector(N, []):
```

```

for j from 1 to N do
  bb[j] := b[j];
  ag[j] := bet a[j] * b[j];
  al[j] := -1 + bet a[j] * b[j+1];
od:
bb[N+1] := 1:
for j from 1 to N do
  a[j] := ag[j] - gam[j];
  od:

print(`b =`, bb);
print(`ag =`, ag);
print(`al =`, al);
print(`a =`, a);
print(`gamma =`, gam);
>
>
> # ag shows maximal digit (greedy)
# al shows minimal digit (lazy) ##### if ag[j]=al[j] then j is
onto branch and there is
#
no choice there
# a shows digits assigned automatically using the vector U: U(j)
=1 lazy
#
U(j) =
0 greedy
# we can assign digit arbitrarily between minimum and maximum
and then put 2 into vector U

# Now we will name points c[i] (there is K + number of 2's in U
points c[i])
# and create a vectors si dec[], i neqc[], si gnc[] which shows the
character of the point c[i]
Kc:=0: # new number of c points
for j from 1 to N do if alpha[j]<1 then Kc:=Kc+1 fi od:
for j from 1 to N do if (gam[j]>0 and alpha[j]+gam[j]<1) then
Kc:=Kc+1 fi od:
print(`Kc =`, Kc);
c:=vector(2*N, []):
si dec:=vector(2*N, []): # 1 left (use uT), 0 right (use T)
j_of_c:=vector(2*N, []): # shows the index of the interval
associated with c

cj:=1: # this is the new index for c points
for j from 1 to N do

```

```

if (alpha[j]<1 and gam[j]=0) then c[cj]:=b[j+1]; si dec[cj]:=
0; j_of_c[cj]:=j; cj:=cj+1 fi;
if (alpha[j]<1 and gam[j]+alpha[j]=1) then c[cj]:=b[j]; si dec
[cj]:=1; j_of_c[cj]:=j; cj:=cj+1 fi;
if (gam[j]>0 and gam[j]+alpha[j]<1) then c[cj]:=b[j]; si dec
[cj]:=1; j_of_c[cj]:=j; cj:=cj+1 ;
c[cj]:=b[j+1]; si dec[cj]:=0; j_of_c[cj]:=j;
cj:=cj+1 fi;

```

```

od:
print(`c =`, c);
print(`si dec =`, si dec);
print(`j_of_c =`, j_of_c);

```

>

>

>

```

ui nt_of_x:=x->pi ecewi se(x<b[2], 1, # Thi s funct i on needs addi ti ons
by hand for

```

```

# N>9 . Automat hi c procedur e

```

```

causes plott ing probl ems

```

```

# but i s used i n other

```

```

pr ogr am s

```

```

x<b[3], 2,
x<b[4], 3,
x<b[5], 4,
x<b[6], 5,
x<b[7], 6,
x<b[8], 7,
x<b[9], 8,
9);

```

```

i nt_of_x:=x->pi ecewi se(x<=b[2], 1, # Thi s funct i on needs addi ti ons
by hand for

```

```

# N>9 . Automat hi c procedur e

```

```

causes plott ing probl ems

```

```

# but i s used i n other

```

```

pr ogr am s

```

```

x<=b[3], 2,
x<=b[4], 3,
x<=b[5], 4,
x<=b[6], 5,

```

```

x<=b[ 7] , 6,
x<=b[ 8] , 7,
x<=b[ 9] , 8,
9);
x: =' x' :
uT: =x->bet a[ ui nt _of _x( x) ] * x- a[ ui nt _of _x( x) ] ;
T: =x->bet a[ i nt _of _x( x) ] * x- a[ i nt _of _x( x) ] ;
Tc: =vect or( Kc+2, [ ] ) :
for j from 1 to Kc do
if si dec[ j ] =0 then Tc[ j ] :=T( c[ j ] ) ;
else Tc[ j ] :=uT( c[ j ] ) fi ;
od:

pri nt ( ` Tc = ` , Tc ) ;

#pl ot ( [ ' uT( x) ' , x, 0, 1, Tc[ 1] , Tc[ 2] , Tc[ 3] ] , x=0. . 1, t hi ckness=[ 2, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1] ) ;
pl ot ( [ ' T( x) ' , x, 0, 1, Tc[ 1] , Tc[ 2] , Tc[ 3] ] , x=0. . 1, t hi ckness=[ 2, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1] ) ;

```

$N := 4$

$\beta_4 := 1.3846153846$

$alpha =, [0.5000000000 \ 1 \ 0.8000000000 \ 0.3000000000]$

$beta =, [2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 1.3846153846]$

$gamma =, [0.5000000000 \ 0.0000000000 \ 0.2000000000 \ 0.7000000000]$

$\beta_{const} := 2.6000000000$

$b =, [0 \ 0.2500000000 \ 0.5833333333 \ 0.7833333333 \ 1]$

$ag =, [0 \ 0.7500000000 \ 2.3333333333 \ 1.0846153846]$

$al =, [-0.5000000000 \ 0.7500000000 \ 2.1333333333 \ 0.3846153846]$

$a =, [-0.5000000000 \ 0.7500000000 \ 2.1333333333 \ 0.3846153846]$

$gamma =, [0.5000000000 \ 0.0000000000 \ 0.2000000000 \ 0.7000000000]$

$Kc =, 3$

$c =, [0 \ 0.5833333333 \ 0.7833333333 \ c_4 \ c_5 \ c_6 \ c_7 \ c_8]$

$sidec =, [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ sidec_4 \ sidec_5 \ sidec_6 \ sidec_7 \ sidec_8]$

$j_of_c =, [1 \ 3 \ 4 \ j_of_c_4 \ j_of_c_5 \ j_of_c_6 \ j_of_c_7 \ j_of_c_8]$

$uint_of_x := x \rightarrow piecewise(x < b_2, 1, x < b_3, 2, x < b_4, 3, x < b_5, 4, x < b_6, 5, x < b_7, 6, x$

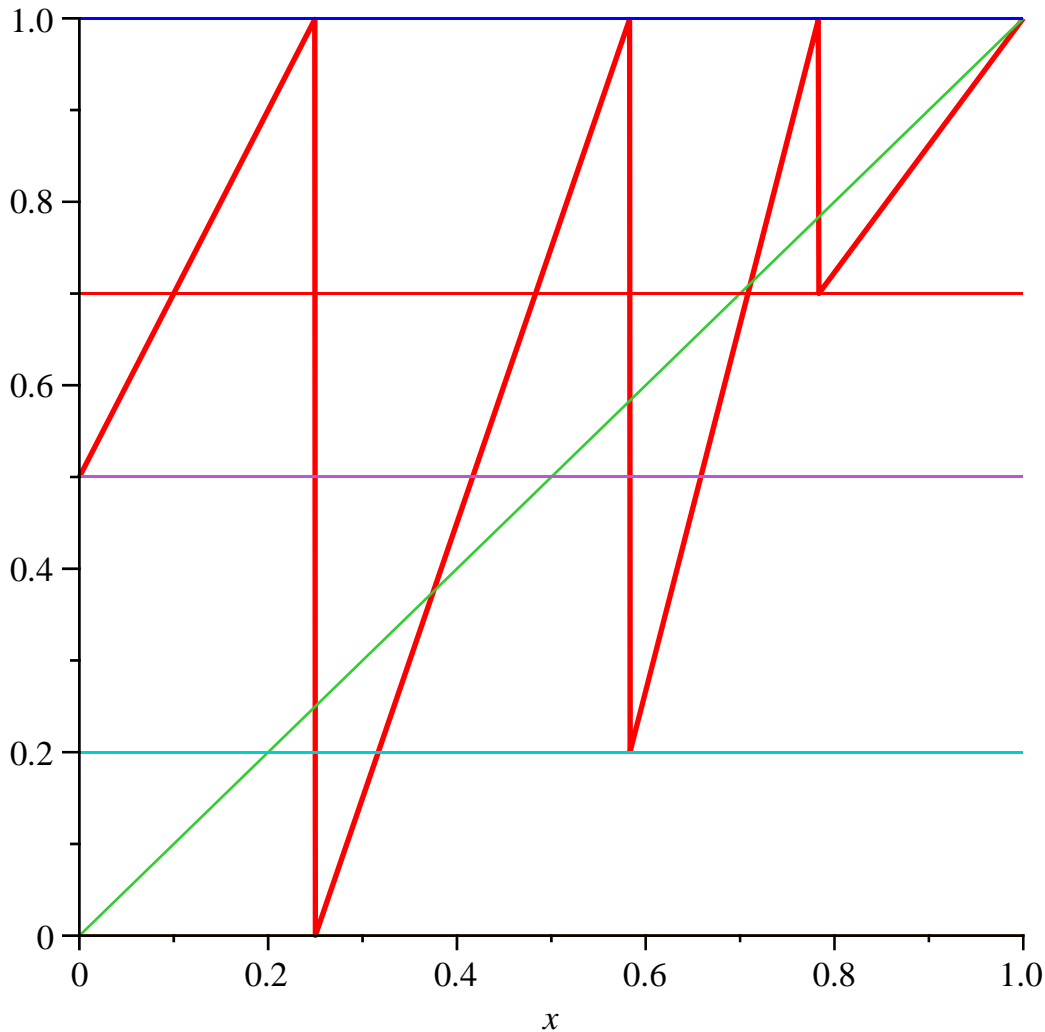
$\langle b_8, 7, x < b_9, 8, 9 \rangle$

$int_of_x := x \rightarrow piecewise(x \leq b_2, 1, x \leq b_3, 2, x \leq b_4, 3, x \leq b_5, 4, x \leq b_6, 5, x \leq b_7, 6, x \leq b_8, 7, x \leq b_9, 8, 9)$

$uT := x \rightarrow \beta_{int_of_x(x)} x - a_{int_of_x(x)}$

$T := x \rightarrow \beta_{int_of_x(x)} x - a_{int_of_x(x)}$

$Tc = , [0.5000000000 0.2000000000 0.7000000000 Tc_4 Tc_5]$



> ### Conjugat ed greedy

t bb:=vector(N+1,[]):#for printing only = b[]

t beta:=vector(N,[]):

t alpha:=vector(N,[]):

t gamma:=vector(N,[]):#heights of lower ends of hanging branches

alpha[i]+gamma[i]<1 !!!!!!!

#if gamma[i]>0

for i from 1 to N do

t beta[i]:=beta[N-i+1];

t alpha[i]:=alpha[N-i+1];

t gamma[i]:=0;

od:

```

print(`t al pha =`, t al pha);
print(`t bet a =`, t bet a);
print(`t gamma =`, t gamm);
t b[ 1] :=0;
for j from 1 to N do
t b[j +1] :=t b[ j ] +t al pha[ j ] / t bet a[ j ] :
  od: i :=' i ' :
#t b[ N+1] :=1:
t ag:=vect or( N, [ ]):
t al :=vect or( N, [ ]):
t a:=vect or( N, [ ]):
t c:=vect or( N, [ ]):
for j from 1 to N do
t bb[ j ] :=t b[ j ];
t ag[ j ] :=t bet a[ j ] * t b[ j ];
t al [ j ] :=- 1+t bet a[ j ] * t b[ j +1];
od:
t bb[ N+1] :=1:
for j from 1 to N do
t a[ j ] :=t ag[ j ] - t gamm[ j ];
  od:
print(` b =`, bb);
print(` ag =`, ag);
print(` al =`, al);
print(` a =`, a);
print(` gamma =`, gamm);
print(` t b =`, t bb);
for i from 1 to N+1 do
print( 1- b[ N- i +2] );
od:
print(` t ag =`, t ag);
print(` t al =`, t al);
print(` t a =`, t a);
for i from 1 to N do
print( bet a[ N- i +1] - 1- a[ N- i +1] );
od:
print(` t gamma =`, t gamm);
t ui nt_of_x:=x->pi ecewi se( x<t b[ 2] , 1, # Thi s funct i on needs
addi ti ons by hand for
causes pl otti ng probl ems
pr ogr ans
# N>9 . Aut omat hi c procedur e
# but i s used i n other
x<t b[ 3] , 2,
x<t b[ 4] , 3,
x<t b[ 5] , 4,
x<t b[ 6] , 5,

```

```

x<t b[ 7] , 6,
x<t b[ 8] , 7,
x<t b[ 9] , 8,
9);
t i n t _ o f _ x : = x - > p i e c e w i s e ( x <= t b [ 2] , 1 , # T h i s f u n c t i o n n e e d s
a d d i t i o n s b y h a n d f o r
# N>9 . A u t o m a t h i c p r o c e d u r e
c a u s e s p l o t t i n g p r o b l e m s
# b u t i s u s e d i n o t h e r
p r o g r a m s
x<=t b[ 3] , 2,
x<=t b[ 4] , 3,
x<=t b[ 5] , 4,
x<=t b[ 6] , 5,
x<=t b[ 7] , 6,
x<=t b[ 8] , 7,
x<=t b[ 9] , 8,
9);
x:='x':
t u T : = x - > t b e t a [ t u i n t _ o f _ x ( x ) ] * x - t a [ t u i n t _ o f _ x ( x ) ];
t T : = x - > t b e t a [ t i n t _ o f _ x ( x ) ] * x - t a [ t i n t _ o f _ x ( x ) ];
#####
t Kc:=0: # new number of c points
for j from 1 to N do if t alpha[j]<1 then t Kc:=t Kc+1 fi od:
for j from 1 to N do if (t gam[m][j]>0 and t alpha[j]+t gam[m][j]<1)
then t Kc:=t Kc+1 fi od:
print(`t Kc =`, t Kc);
t c:=vector(2*N, []):
t s i d e c:=vector(2*N, []):# 1 left (use uT), 0 right (use T)
t j _ o f _ c:=vector(2*N, []):# shows the index of the interval
associated with c
c j :=1: # this is the new index for c points
for j from 1 to N do
if (t alpha[j]<1 and t gam[m][j]=0) then t c[cj]:=t b[j+1]; t s i d e c
[cj]:=0; t j _ o f _ c[cj]:=j; c j :=c j +1 f i ;
if (t alpha[j]<1 and t gam[m][j]+t alpha[j]=1) then t c[cj]:=t b[j];
t s i d e c[cj]:=1; t j _ o f _ c[cj]:=j; c j :=c j +1 f i ;
if (t gam[m][j]>0 and t gam[m][j]+t alpha[j]<1) then t c[cj]:=t b[j];
t s i d e c[cj]:=1; t j _ o f _ c[cj]:=j; c j :=c j +1 ;
t c[cj]:=t b[j+1]; t s i d e c[cj]:=0; t j _ o f _ c[cj]:=
j; c j :=c j +1 f i ;
od:
print(`t c =`, t c);
print(`t s i d e c =`, t s i d e c);
print(`t j _ o f _ c =`, t j _ o f _ c);
print(`b =`, bb); print(`t b =`, t bb);

```

`plot (' T(x)' , x, 0, 1, Tc[1], Tc[2], Tc[3] , x=0. . 1, thicknss=[2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]);`

`plot (' t T(x)' , x, 0, 1, Tc[1], Tc[2], Tc[3] , x=0. . 1, thicknss=[2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]);`

$$talpha =, [0.3000000000 0.8000000000 1 0.5000000000]$$

$$tbeta =, [1.3846153846 4 3 2]$$

$$tgamma =, [0 0 0 0]$$

$$b =, [0 0.2500000000 0.5833333333 0.7833333333 1]$$

$$ag =, [0 0.7500000000 2.3333333333 1.0846153846]$$

$$al =, [-0.5000000000 0.7500000000 2.1333333333 0.3846153846]$$

$$a =, [-0.5000000000 0.7500000000 2.1333333333 0.3846153846]$$

$$gamma =, [0.5000000000 0.0000000000 0.2000000000 0.7000000000]$$

$$tb =, [0 0.2166666667 0.4166666667 0.7500000000 1]$$

0

0.2166666667

0.4166666667

0.7500000000

1

$$tag =, [0.0000000000 0.8666666667 1.2500000000 1.5000000000]$$

$$tal =, [-0.7000000000 0.6666666667 1.2500000000 1.0000000000]$$

$$ta =, [0.0000000000 0.8666666667 1.2500000000 1.5000000000]$$

0.0000000000

0.8666666667

1.2500000000

1.5000000000

$$tgamma =, [0 0 0 0]$$

$tuint_of_x := x \rightarrow piecewise(x < tb_2, 1, x < tb_3, 2, x < tb_4, 3, x < tb_5, 4, x < tb_6, 5, x < tb_7, 6, x < tb_8, 7, x < tb_9, 8, 9)$

$tint_of_x := x \rightarrow piecewise(x \leq tb_2, 1, x \leq tb_3, 2, x \leq tb_4, 3, x \leq tb_5, 4, x \leq tb_6, 5, x \leq tb_7, 6, x$

$$\leq tb_8, 7, x \leq tb_9, 8, 9)$$

$$tuT := x \rightarrow t\beta_{t_{int_of_x}(x)} x - ta_{t_{int_of_x}(x)}$$

$$tT := x \rightarrow t\beta_{t_{int_of_x}(x)} x - ta_{t_{int_of_x}(x)}$$

$$tKc =, 3$$

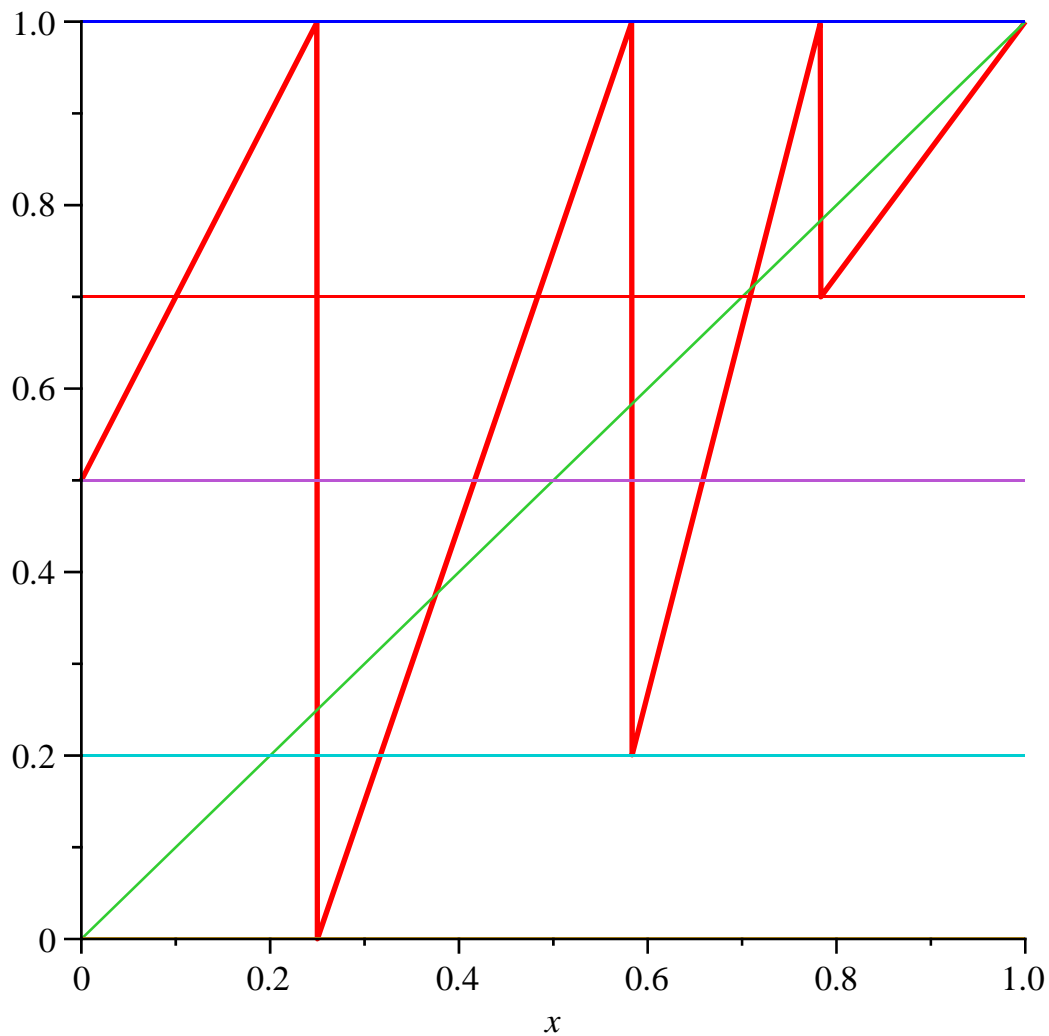
$$tc =, [0.2166666667 \ 0.4166666667 \ 1.0000000000 \ tc_4 \ tc_5 \ tc_6 \ tc_7 \ tc_8]$$

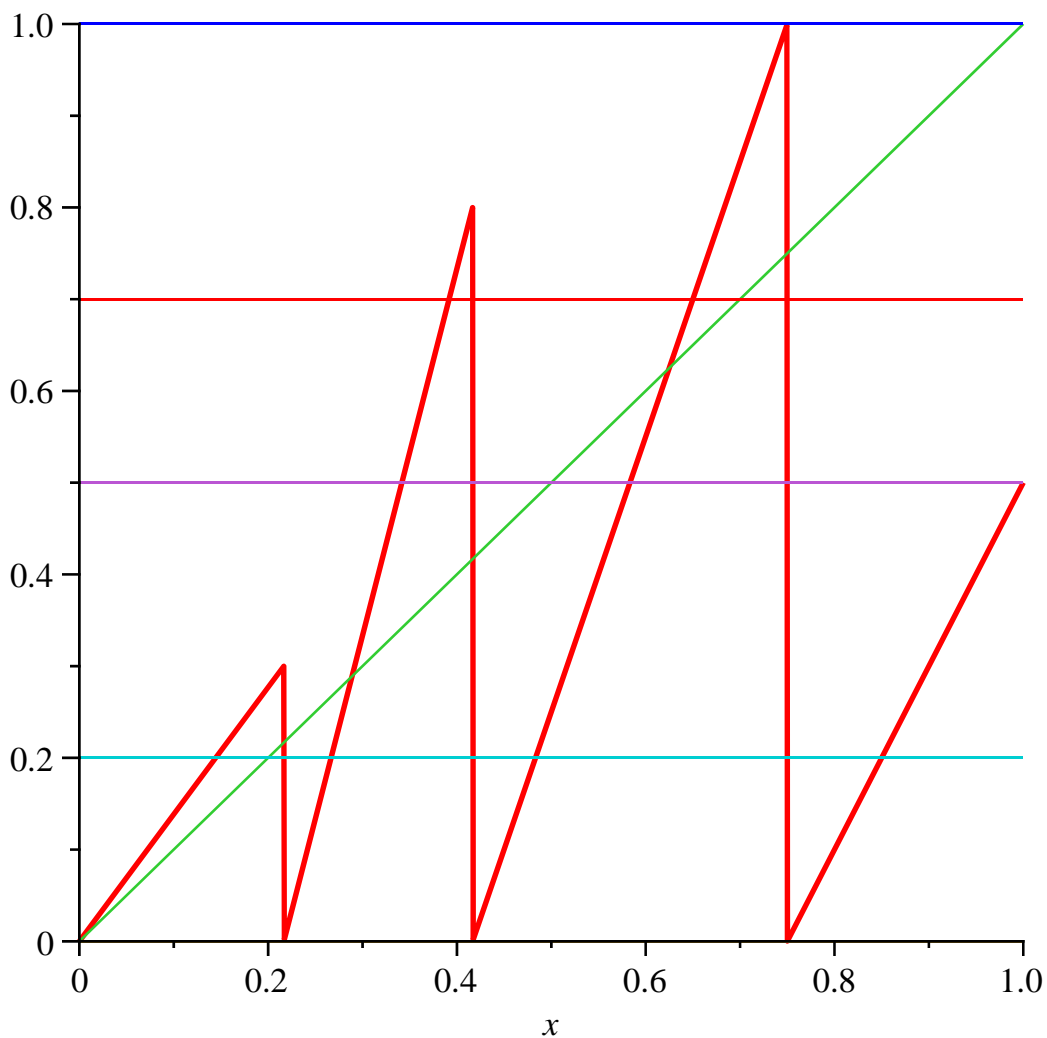
$$tsidec =, [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ tsidec_4 \ tsidec_5 \ tsidec_6 \ tsidec_7 \ tsidec_8]$$

$$tj_of_c =, [1 \ 2 \ 4 \ tj_of_c_4 \ tj_of_c_5 \ tj_of_c_6 \ tj_of_c_7 \ tj_of_c_8]$$

$$b =, [0 \ 0.2500000000 \ 0.5833333333 \ 0.7833333333 \ 1]$$

$$tb =, [0 \ 0.2166666667 \ 0.4166666667 \ 0.7500000000 \ 1]$$





>

> **ud: =vector (50) ; Di gi t s: =100; NN: =50; #Expansion with variable slopes**

d: =vector (50) ;

xx: =eval f (rand() / 10^12) ;

xxt : =xx:

bet : =1:

for i from 1 to NN do

bet : =bet / bet a[ui nt _of _x(xxt)] ;

ud[i] : =a[ui nt _of _x(xxt)] ;

udb[i] : =a[ui nt _of _x(xxt)] * bet ;

xxt : =uT(xxt) ;

od:

xxt : =xx:

bet : =1:

for i from 1 to NN do

bet : =bet / bet a[ui nt _of _x(xxt)] ;

d[i] : =a[ui nt _of _x(xxt)] ;

db[i] : =a[ui nt _of _x(xxt)] * bet ;

xxt : =T(xxt) ;

od:

```

print ( ud ) ;
uls_it_x := eval f ( sum( udb[ j 1 ] , j 1=1 . . NN ) ) ;
print ( d ) ;
ls_it_x := eval f ( sum( db[ j 1 ] , j 1=1 . . NN ) ) ;
terr := xx - uls_it_x ;
err := xx - ls_it_x ;

```

Digits := 100

NN := 50

xx := 0.3957188605

```

[0.7500000000, 0.7500000000, 0.7500000000, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846,
2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846,
2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846]

```

uls_it_x := 0.3957188605

```

[0.7500000000, 0.7500000000, 0.7500000000, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846,
2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846,
2.1333333333, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333, 0.3846153846,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 2.1333333333,
0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846, 0.3846153846]

```

ls_it_x := 0.3957188605

terr := 7.133396421 10⁻¹⁵

err := 7.133396421 10⁻¹⁵

(1)

```

> ud := vector ( 50 ) ; Digits := 100 ; NN := 50 ; #Expansion with variable
sl opes
d := vector ( 50 ) ; #using conjugated greedy map
xx := eval f ( rand() / 10^12 ) ;
xxt := xx ;
bet := 1 ;
for i from 1 to NN do
bet := bet / t beta [ t u i n t _ o f _ x ( xxt ) ] ;
ud [ i ] := t a [ t u i n t _ o f _ x ( xxt ) ] ;

```

```
udb[ i ] := t a[ t u i n t _ o f _ x( x x t ) ] * b e t ;
xxt := t u T( x x t ) ;
od:
```

```
xxt := xx:
bet := 1:
for i from 1 to NN do
bet := bet / t bet a[ t u i n t _ o f _ x( x x t ) ] ;
d[ i ] := t a[ t u i n t _ o f _ x( x x t ) ] ;
db[ i ] := t a[ t u i n t _ o f _ x( x x t ) ] * b e t ;
xxt := t T( x x t ) ;
od:
print ( ud ) ;
tul s_ i t _ x := eval f ( sum( udb[ j 1 ] , j 1 = 1 . . NN ) ) ;
print ( d ) ;
t l s_ i t _ x := eval f ( sum( db[ j 1 ] , j 1 = 1 . . NN ) ) ;
err := xx - t u l s_ i t _ x ;
err := xx - t l s_ i t _ x ;
```

>

Digits := 100

NN := 50

xx := 0.1931398164

```
[0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000,
0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667,
0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 1.2500000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667]
```

tul s_ i t _ x := 0.1931398164

```
[0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000,
0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667,
0.8666666667, 0.8666666667, 1.2500000000, 0.0000000000,
0.0000000000, 0.0000000000, 0.8666666667, 0.8666666667]
```

tIs_it_x := 0.1931398164

terr := 1.790009610 10⁻¹⁷

err := 1.790009610 10⁻¹⁷

(2)

```
> NN:=50; chi :=( x1, x2, t ) ->pi ecewi se( t <x1, 0, t <=x2, 1, 0 );  
uchi :=( x1, x2, t ) ->pi ecewi se( t <x1, 0, t <x2, 1, 0 );
```

#Expansion of c1, c2 ... and all the S's LAZY MAP

```
for i from 1 to Kc do  
  xxt:=c[i];  
  bet:=1:  
    for n from 1 to NN+1 do  
      if si dec[i]=1 then i n t x:=ui n t _of _x( xxt ) el se i n t x:=  
i n t _of _x( xxt ) f i ;  
      bet _real :=bet ;  
      bet :=bet / bet a[ i n t x ] ;  
      dcb[ i , n ]:=a[ i n t x ] * bet ;  
  
      if si dec[i]=0 then  
        for ii from 1 to Kc do  
          if xxt>c[ ii ] then cc[ i , ii , n ]:=1*bet _real el se  
cc[ i , ii , n ]:=0 f i ;  
          od;  
          if i n t x=1 then Sc[ i , n ]:= 0  
            el se Sc[ i , n ]:=sum( 1/ ( bet a[ j 7 ] ) , j 7=1 . .  
i n t x- 1 ) * bet _real f i ;  
          #bc[ i , n ]:=b[ i n t x ] * bet _real ;  
          #####  
          el se  
            for ii from 1 to Kc do  
              if xxt<c[ ii ] then cc[ i , ii , n ]:=1*bet _real el se  
cc[ i , ii , n ]:=0 f i ;  
              od;  
              if i n t x=N then Sc[ i , n ]:= 0  
                el se Sc[ i , n ]:=sum( 1/ ( bet a[ j 8 ] ) , j 8=  
i n t x+1 . . N ) * bet _real f i ;  
              #bc[ i , n ]:=b[ i n t x+1 ] * bet _real ;  
            f i ;  
          val c[ i , n ]:=xxt ;  
          bet c[ i , n ]:=bet _real ;  
          if si dec[i]=1 then xxt:=uT( xxt ) el se xxt:=T( xxt ) f i ;  
          od:  
        l s_ i t _x:=sum( dcb[ i , j 1 ] , j 1=1 . . NN ) ;  
        od;  
      for i from 1 to Kc do  
        S[ i ]:=eval f ( sum( Sc[ i , j 2+1 ] , j 2=1 . . NN ) ) ;
```

```

#sum_b[i] := eval f ( sum( bc[ i , j 2+1] , j 2=1. . NN ) );
od;
for i from 1 to Kc do
for j from 1 to Kc do
SS[i , j] := eval f ( sum( cc[ i , j , j 1+1] , j 1=1. . NN ) );

#print ( ` SS[ ` , i , j , ` ] = ` , SS[ i , j ] ):
od; od:
#for n from 1 to 20 do

#print ( 1 , 2 , cc[ 1 , 2 , n ] * bet a[ 1 ] , val c[ 1 , n ] );
#print ( 3 , 2 , cc[ 3 , 2 , n ] * bet a[ 2 ] , val c[ 3 , n ] );
#od:

```

```

NN := 50
χ := (x1, x2, t) → piecewise(t < x1, 0, t ≤ x2, 1, 0)
uchi := (x1, x2, t) → piecewise(t < x1, 0, t < x2, 1, 0)
xxt := 0
bet := 1
Is_it_x := -3.203707712 10-20
xxt := 0.5833333333
bet := 1
Is_it_x := 0.5833333333
xxt := 0.7833333333
bet := 1
Is_it_x := 0.7833333333
S1 := 0.6249261956
S2 := 0.3680269052
S3 := 0.7034143519

```

(3)

> #Expansion of c1, c2 ... and all the S's GREEDY MAP

```

for i from 1 to tKc do
xxt := t c[ i ];
bet := 1:
for n from 1 to NN+1 do
if t si dec[ i ] = 1 then i nt x := t ui nt _of _x( xxt ) el se i nt x :=
t i nt _of _x( xxt ) fi;
bet _real := bet ;
bet := bet / t bet a[ i nt x ] ;
dcb[ i , n ] := t a[ i nt x ] * bet ;

if t si dec[ i ] = 0 then
for ii from 1 to Kc do

```

```

        if xxt>t c[ii] then cc[i,ii,n]:=1*bet_real else
cc[i,ii,n]:=0 fi;
    od;
    if i nt x=1 then Sc[i,n]:= 0
        else Sc[i,n]:=sum( 1/( t bet a[j 7]), j 7=1..
i nt x-1)*bet_real fi;
    #bc[i,n]:=t b[i nt x]*bet_real;
    #####
    else
    for ii from 1 to Kc do
        if xxt<t c[ii] then cc[i,ii,n]:=1*bet_real else
cc[i,ii,n]:=0 fi;
    od;
    if i nt x=N then Sc[i,n]:= 0
        else Sc[i,n]:=sum( 1/( t bet a[j 8]), j 8=
i nt x+1..N)*bet_real fi;
    #bc[i,n]:=t b[i nt x+1]*bet_real;
    fi;
    t val c[i,n]:=xxt;
    t bet c[i,n]:=bet_real;
    if t si dec[i]=1 then xxt:=t uT(xxt) else xxt:=t T(xxt) fi;
    od:
t l s_it_x:=sum( dcb[i,j 1], j 1=1..NN);
od;
for i from 1 to t Kc do
t S[i]:=eval f ( sum( Sc[i,j 2+1], j 2=1..NN) );
#sum_b[i]:=eval f ( sum( bc[i,j 2+1], j 2=1..NN) );
od;
for i from 1 to t Kc do
for j from 1 to t Kc do
t SS[i,j]:=eval f ( sum( cc[i,j,j 1+1], j 1=1..NN) );

#print ( ` SS[`, i, j, ` ] =`, SS[i,j] );
od; od:
#for n from 1 to 20 do

#print ( 1, 2, cc[ 1, 2, n] * bet a[ 1], val c[ 1, n] );
#print ( 3, 2, cc[ 3, 2, n] * bet a[ 2], val c[ 3, n] );
#od:

xxt:= 0.2166666667
bet:= 1
tIs_it_x:= 0.2166666667
xxt:= 0.4166666667
bet:= 1
tIs_it_x:= 0.4166666667
xxt:= 1.0000000000

```

```

bet := 1
tIs_it_x := 1.0000000000
tS1 := 0.7034143519
tS2 := 0.3680269052
tS3 := 0.6249261956

```

(4)

>

```

MM = matrix( Kc, Kc, [ ] ) : #LAZY MAP
for i from 1 to Kc do
for j from 1 to Kc do

MM[ i , j ] := - SS[ j , i ] ;
od; od;
print( ` MM = ` , MM );

print( ` eigenvalues MM = ` , eigenvalues( MM ) );
print( ` 1/ average beta = ` , 1/ ave_beta );
ve := vector( Kc, [ ] );
for i from 1 to Kc do
ve[ i ] := 1;

MM[ i , i ] := MM[ i , i ] + 1.0;
od;

print( MM );
print( ` det MM = ` , det( MM ) );
print( ve );

DD := solve( MM, ve );
sum( ( S[ i i 7 ] - 1/ beta a[ j_of_c[ i i 7 ] ] ) * DD[ i i 7 ] , i i 7 = 1.. Kc ) - ( 1 - sum
( 1/ beta a[ i 8 ] , i 8 = 1.. N ) );

```

$$MM = , \begin{bmatrix} -0.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 \\ -0.5001771304 & -0.2500239864 & -0.0451388889 \\ -0.6921441872 & -0.3076332644 & -0.9583333333 \end{bmatrix}$$

eigenvalues MM = , -0.9774235613, -0.2309337584, -0.0000000000

$$1/ \text{average beta} = , \frac{1}{\text{ave_beta}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 \\ -0.5001771304 & 0.7499760136 & -0.0451388889 \\ -0.6921441872 & -0.3076332644 & 0.0416666667 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det MM = , 0.0173627768$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DD := \begin{bmatrix} 1.0000000000 & 7.9992325099 & 99.6713807157 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$$

(5)

> **tMM =matrix(tKc, tKc, []): #GREEDY MAP**

for i from 1 to Kc do

for j from 1 to Kc do

tMM[i, j] := -tSS[j, i];

od; od;

print(`tMM = `, tMM);

print(`eigenvalues tMM = `, eigenvalues(tMM));

print(`1/ average beta = `, 1/ave_beta);

ve:=vector(tKc, []):

for i from 1 to Kc do

ve[i]:=1;

tMM[i, i] := tMM[i, i] + 1.0;

od;

print(tMM);

print(`det tMM = `, det(tMM));

print(ve);

tDD:=linolve(tMM, ve);

sum((tS[i i 7] - 1/t beta[t j_of_c[i i 7]]) * tDD[i i 7], i i 7=1..tKc) - (1 - sum(1/t beta a[i 8], i 8=1..N));

$$tMM = , \begin{bmatrix} -0.9583333333 & -0.3076332644 & -0.6921441872 \\ -0.0451388889 & -0.2500239864 & -0.5001771304 \\ -0.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{eigenvalues } tMM = , -0.9774235613, -0.2309337584, -0.0000000000$$

$$1/\text{average beta} = , \frac{1}{\text{ave_beta}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.0416666667 & -0.3076332644 & -0.6921441872 \\ -0.0451388889 & 0.7499760136 & -0.5001771304 \\ -0.0000000000 & -0.0000000000 & 1.0000000000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\det tMM = , 0.0173627768$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$tDD := \begin{bmatrix} 99.6713807157 & 7.9992325099 & 1.0000000000 \\ -2.475363054 & 10^{-14} & \end{bmatrix}$$

(6)

>

```
> density:=proc(t) local j,i, den;# LAZY MAP
  i:='i':
```

```
  den:=1:
  for j from 1 to Kc do
    if si dec[j]=0 then
      den:=den+ DD[j]*sum((chi(0, val c[j, i 1+1], t))*
bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) fi;
```

```
    if si dec[j]=1 then
      den:=den+ DD[j]*sum((uchi(val c[j, i 1+1], 1, t))*
bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) fi;
```

```
  od;
  return den;
```

```
end proc;
t density:=proc(t) local j,i, den; ### GREEDY MAP
  i:='i':
```

```
  den:=1:
  for j from 1 to Kc do
    if t si dec[j]=0 then
      den:=den+ t DD[j]*sum((chi(0, t val c[j, i 1+1], t))*
t bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) fi;
```

```
    if t si dec[j]=1 then
      den:=den+ t DD[j]*sum((uchi(t val c[j, i 1+1], 1, t))*
t bet c[j, i 1+1], i 1=1..50) fi;
```

```
  od;
  return den;
```

```
end proc;
```

```
#Normalizing factor
```

```

NC:=1:
for j from 1 to Kc do
if si dec[j]=0 then
  NC:=NC+DD[j]*sum((val c[j,i 1+1])*bet c[j,i 1+1],i 1=1..50) fi;
if si dec[j]=1 then
  NC:=NC+DD[j]*sum((1-val c[j,i 1+1])*bet c[j,i 1+1],i 1=1..50) fi;

od:

```

```

print(`NC = `, NC);

```

```

plot([(1/NC)*density(t)],t=0..1-0.000001,y=0..3.1,color=black,
thickness=2);
plot([(1/NC)*tdensity(t)],t=0..1-0.000001,y=0..3.1,color=black,
thickness=2);

```

```

density:=proc(t)

```

```

  local j, i, den;

```

```

  i:= 'i';

```

```

  den:= 1;

```

```

  for j to Kc do

```

```

    if sidec[j]=0 then

```

```

      den:=den+DD[j]*(sum(chi(0, valc[j, il+1], t)*betc[j, il+1], il=1..50))

```

```

    end if;

```

```

    if sidec[j]=1 then

```

```

      den:=den+DD[j]*(sum(uchi(valc[j, il+1], 1, t)*betc[j, il+1], il=1..50))

```

```

    end if

```

```

  end do;

```

```

  return den

```

```

end proc

```

```

tdensity:=proc(t)

```

```

  local j, i, den;

```

```

  i:= 'i';

```

```

  den:= 1;

```

```

  for j to Kc do

```

```

    if tsidec[j]=0 then

```

```

      den:=den+tDD[j]*(sum(chi(0, tvalc[j, il+1], t)*tbetc[j, il+1], il=1
      ..50))

```

```

    end if;

```

```

    if tsidec[j]=1 then

```

```

      den:=den+tDD[j]*(sum(uchi(tvalc[j, il+1], 1, t)*tbetc[j, il+1], il=1
      ..50))

```

```

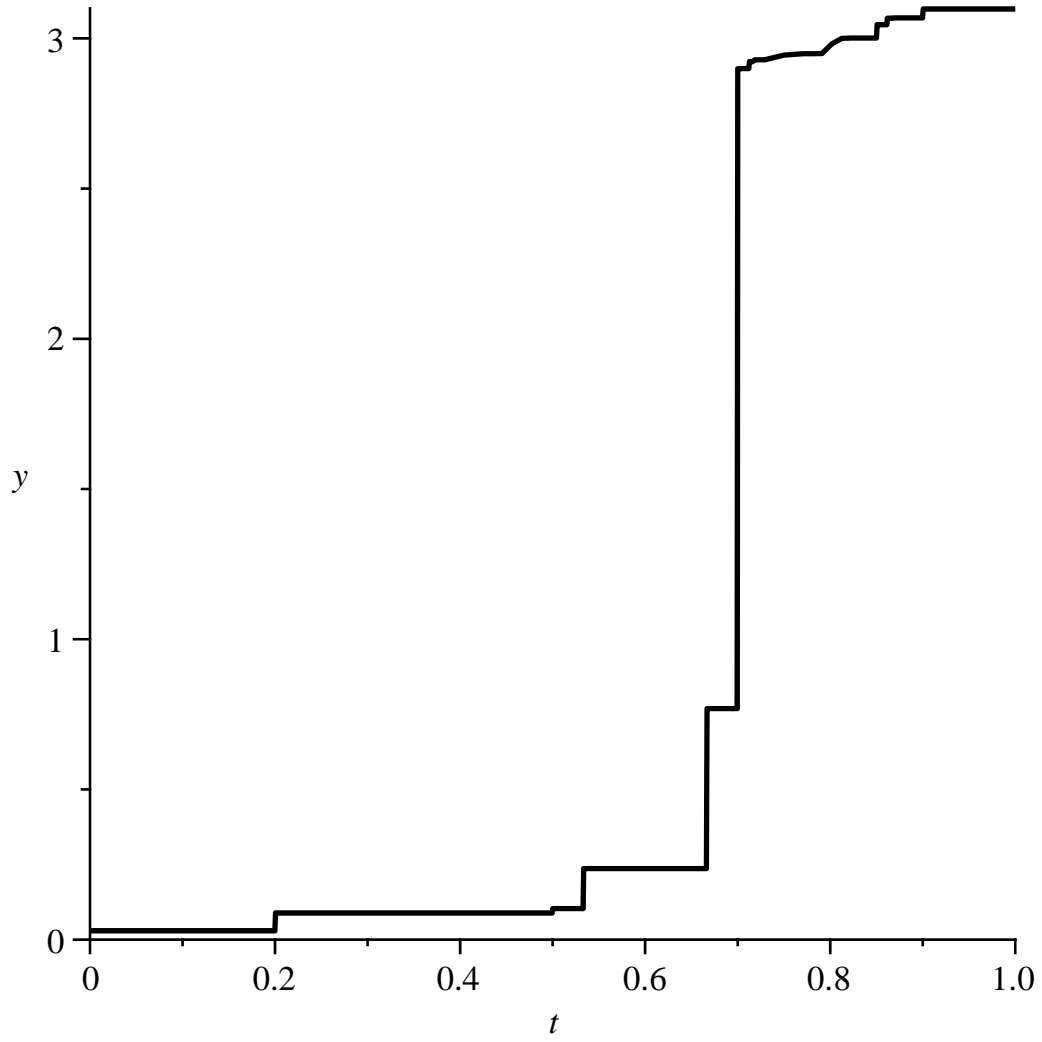
    end if

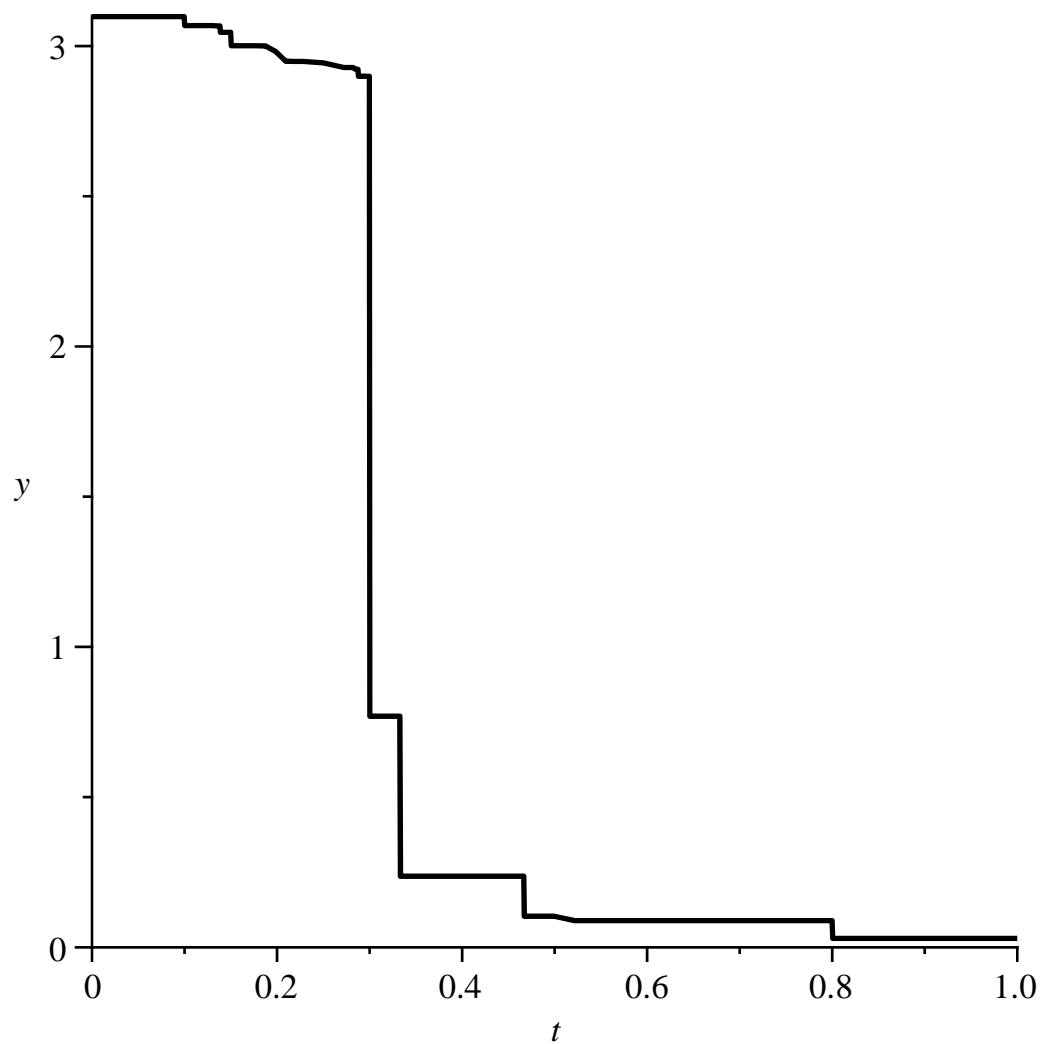
```

```
end do;  
return den
```

```
end proc
```

$NC = , 33.7995685749$





>
>

```

#check density LAZY
#preimages
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
y[j6] := j6/10 + (0.1) * rand() / 10^12;
od;
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
for i3 from 1 to N do
pre[i3] := (y[j6] + a[i3]) / beta[i3];
od;
plot([T(t), 0, 1, y[j6]], t=0..1,
color=[red, black, black, yellow]);
su:=0;
for i3 from 1 to N do
if (pre[i3] >= b[i3] and pre[i3] <= b[i3+1]) then
su := su + evalf(density(pre[i3]) / beta[i3]);
print(i3);
fi;
od;
err[j6] := evalf(density(y[j6]) - su);
od;

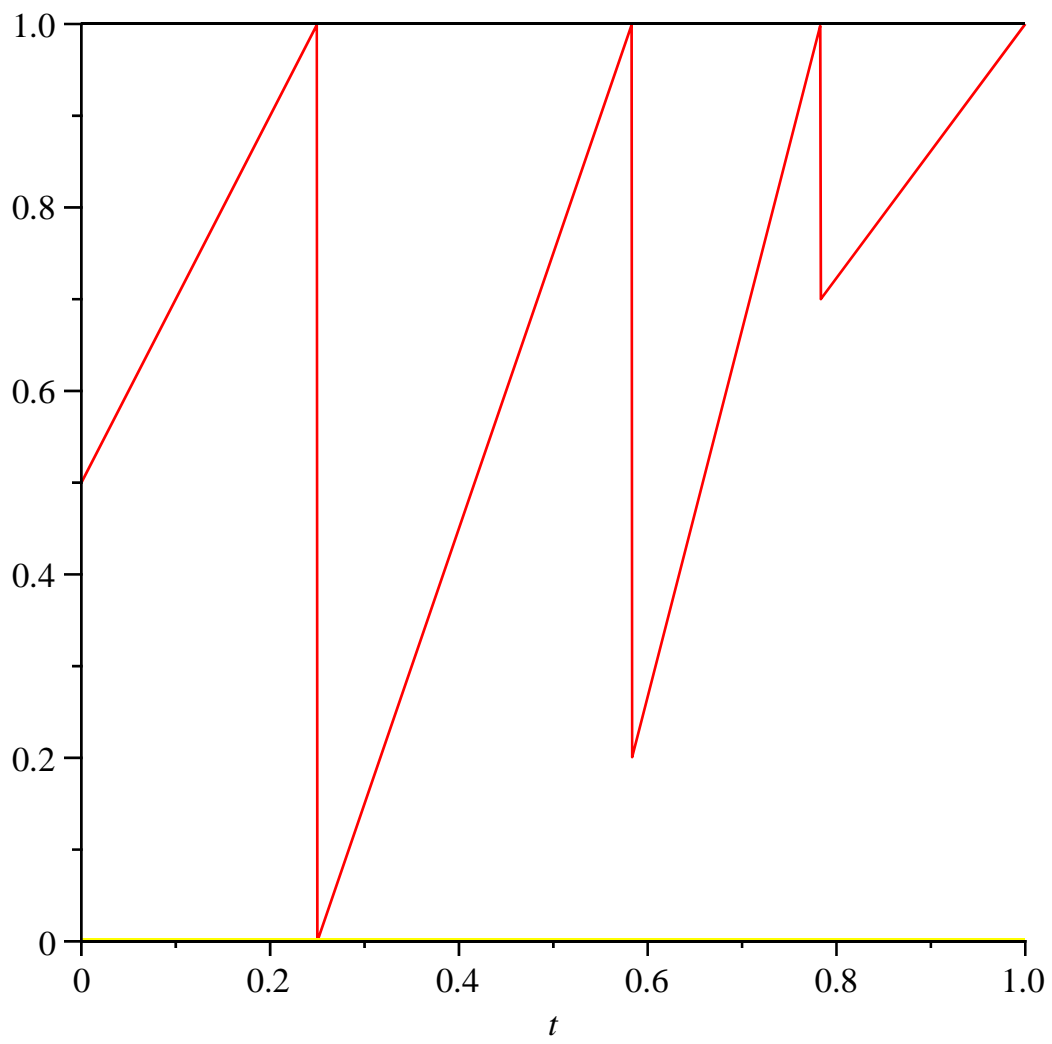
```

```

for j6 from 0 to 9 do
print(`y =`, y[j6]);
print(`err[`, j6, `]=`, err[j6]);
od;
#check density GREEDY
#preimages
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
y[j6]:=j6/10+(0.1)*rand()/10^12;
od;
for j6 from 0 to 9 do
for i3 from 1 to N do
pre[i3]:=(y[j6]+t a[i3])/t bet a[i3];
od;
plot([t T(t), 0, 1, y[j6]], t=0..1,
color=[red, black, black, yellow]);
su:=0;
for i3 from 1 to N do
if (pre[i3]>=t b[i3] and pre[i3]<=t b[i3+1]) then
su:=su+eval f(t density(pre[i3])/t bet a[i3]);
print(i3);
fi;
od;
err[j6]:=eval f(t density(y[j6]) - su);
od;

for j6 from 0 to 9 do
print(`y =`, y[j6]);
print(`err[`, j6, `]=`, err[j6]);
od;

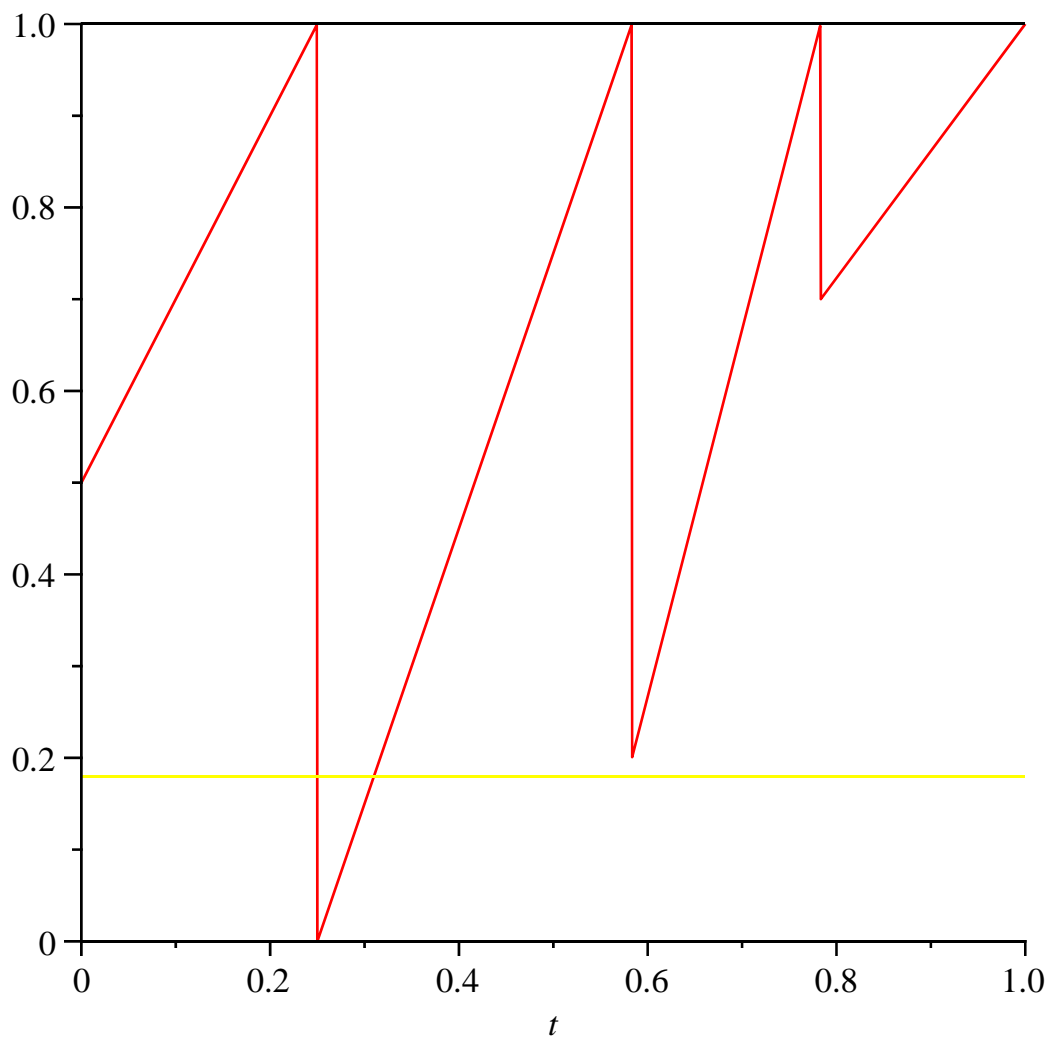
```



$su := 0$

2

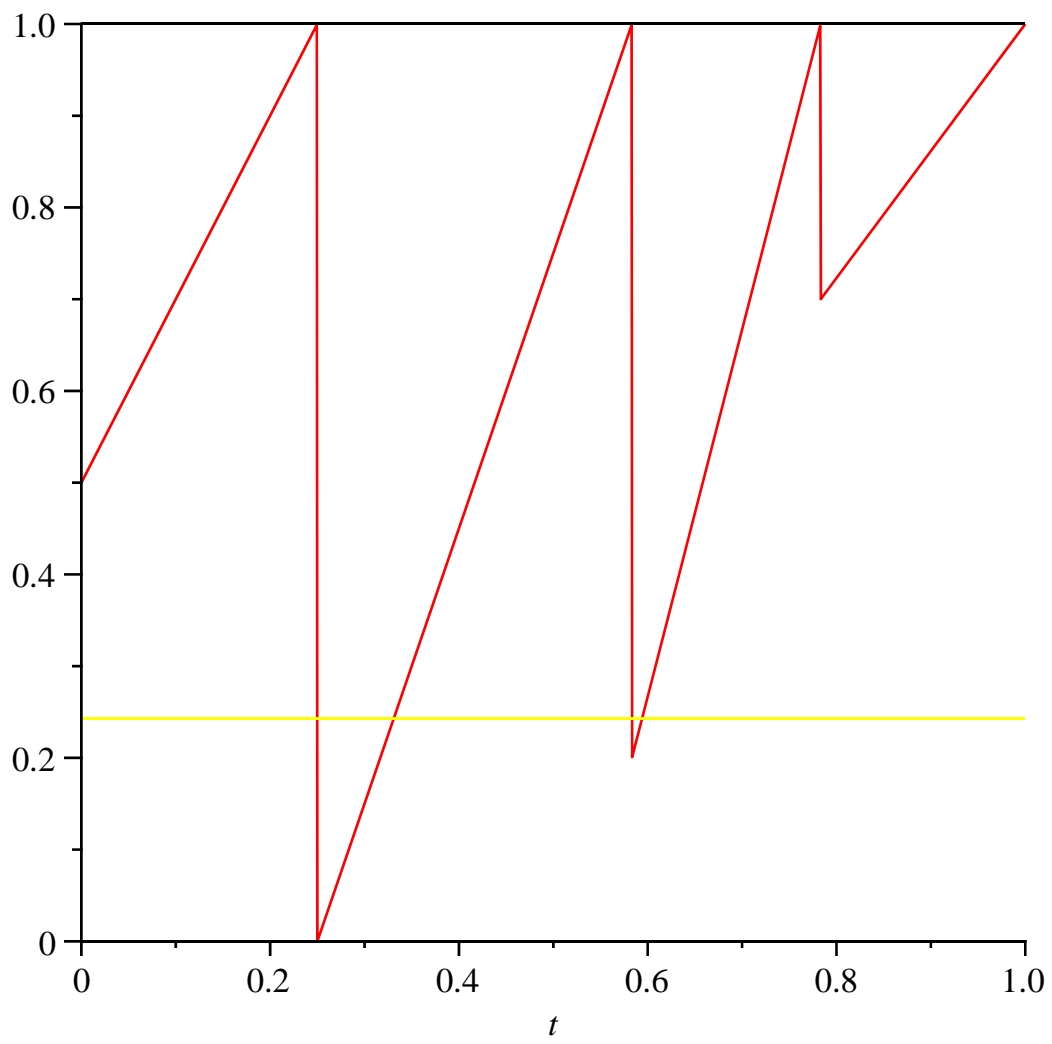
$err_0 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

2

$err_1 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

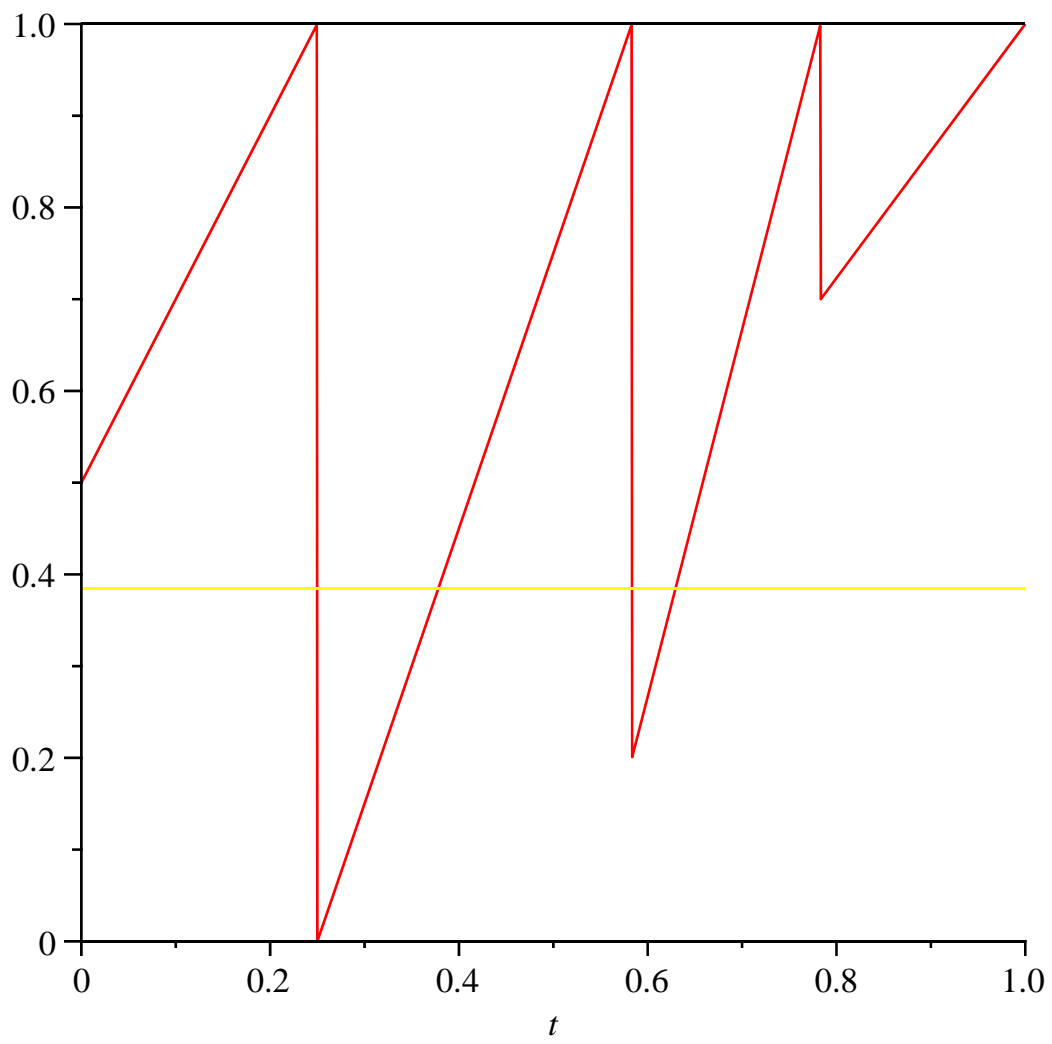


$su := 0$

2

3

$err_2 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

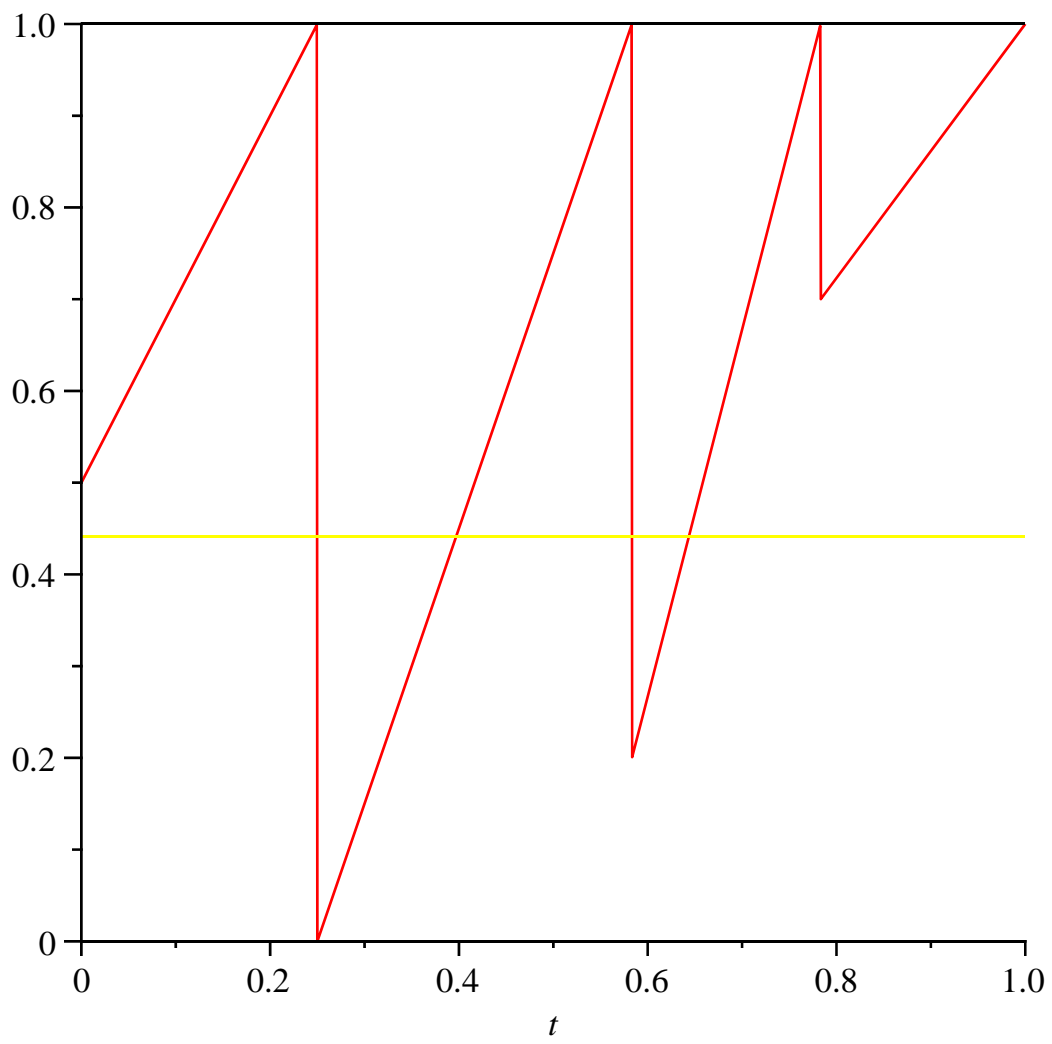


$su := 0$

2

3

$err_3 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

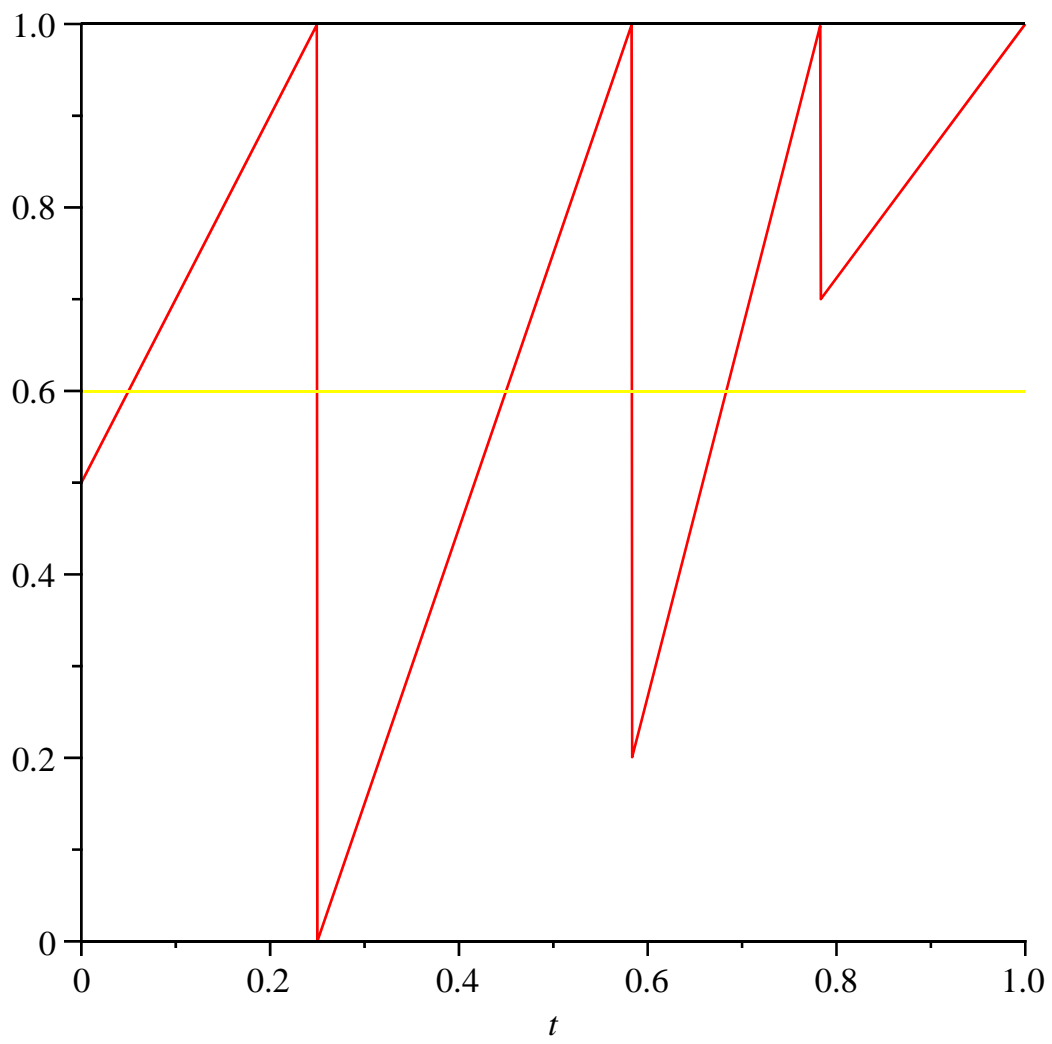


$su := 0$

2

3

$err_4 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



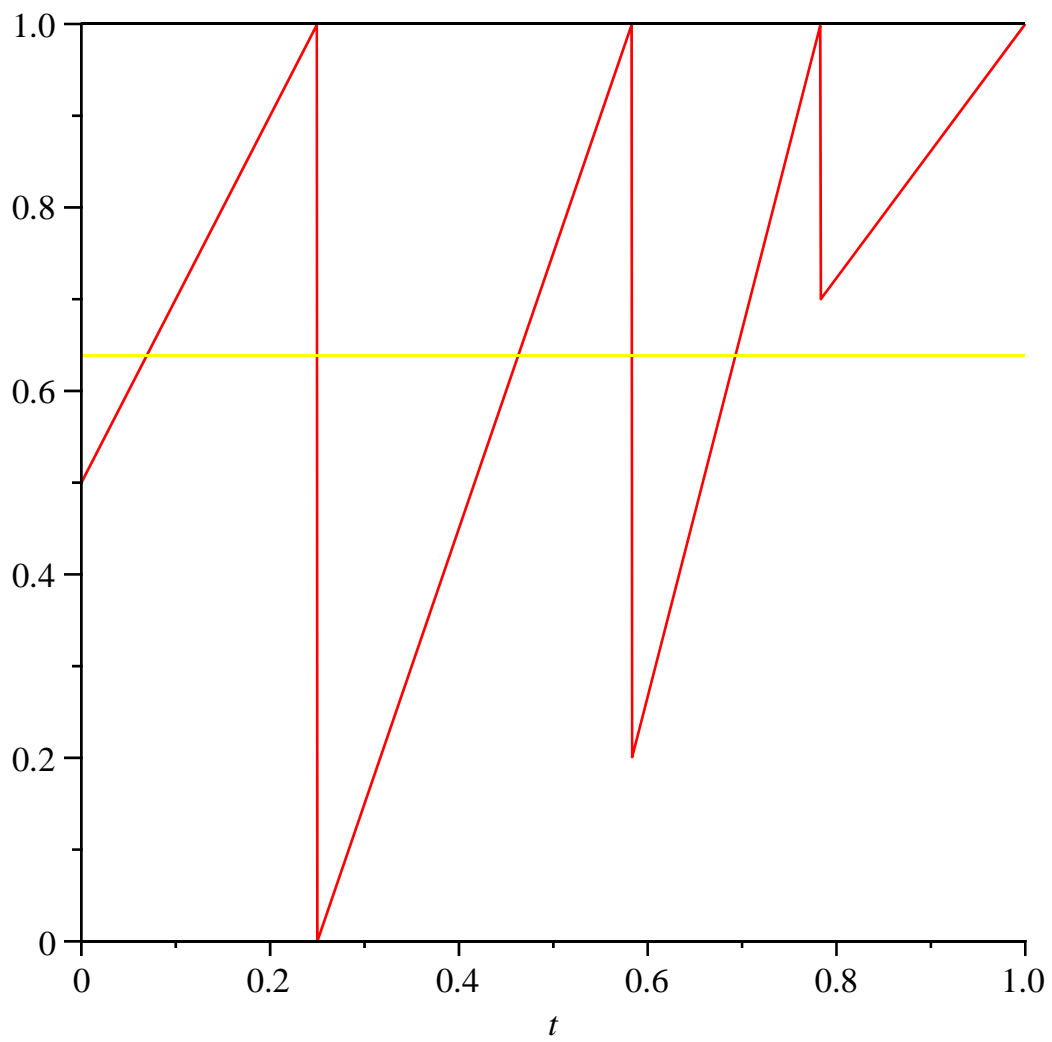
$su := 0$

1

2

3

$err_5 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



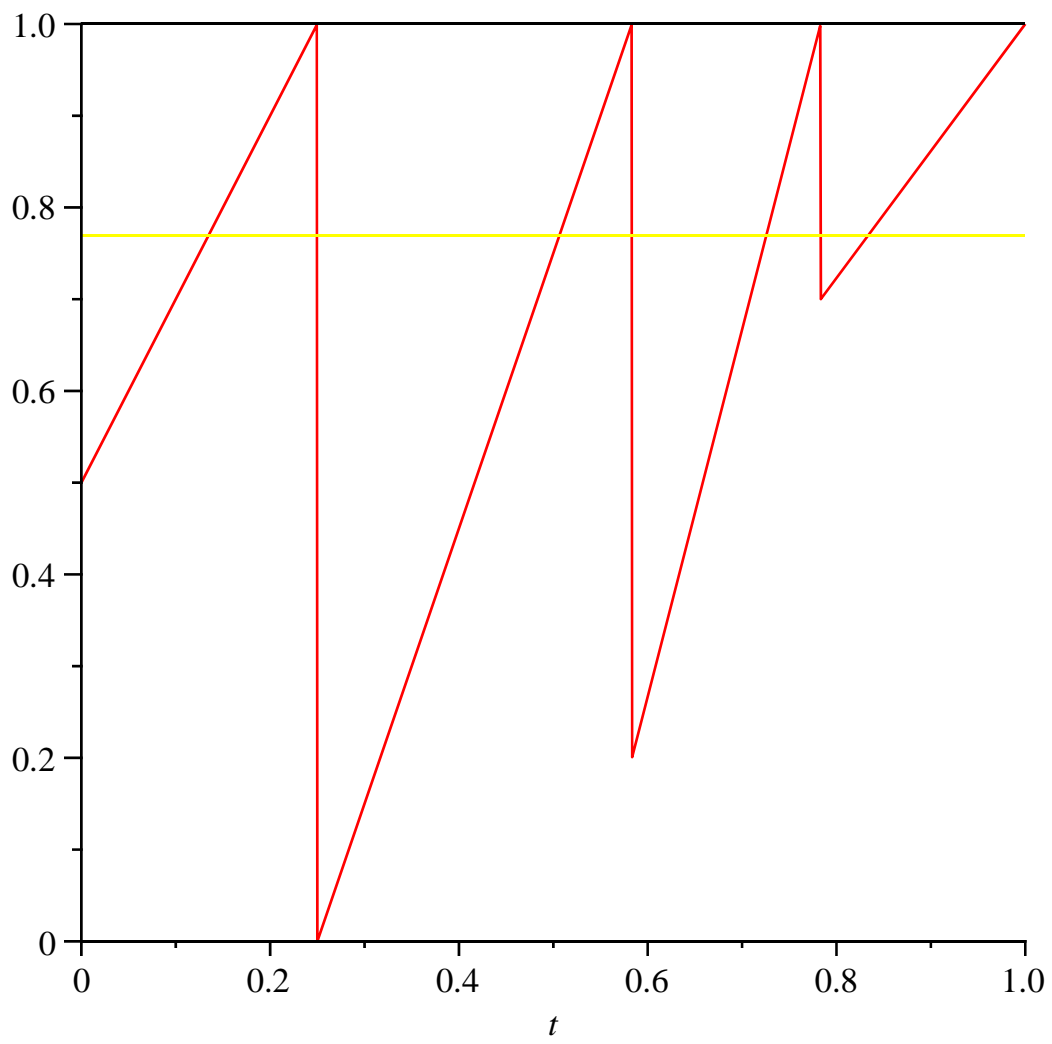
$su := 0$

1

2

3

$err_6 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

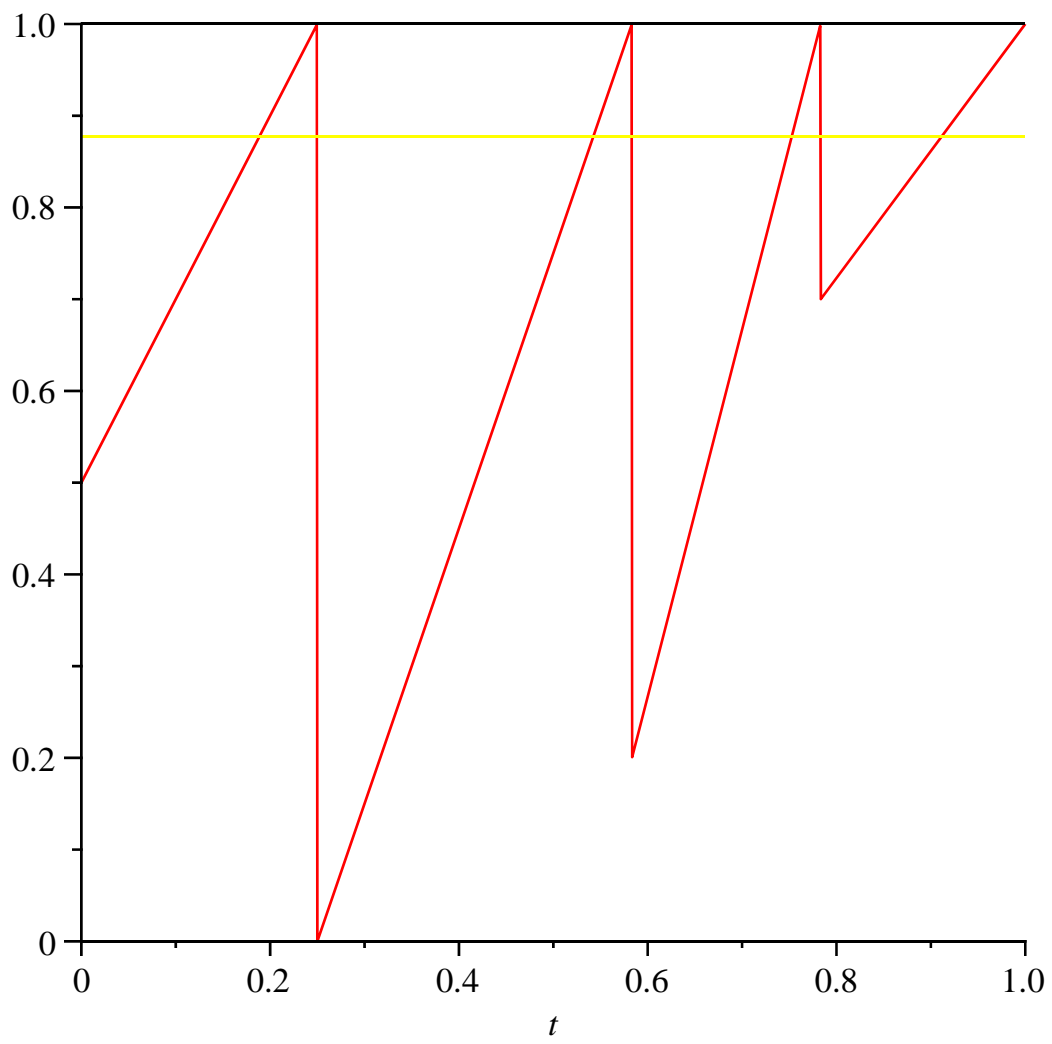
1

2

3

4

$err_7 := 1.023798059 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

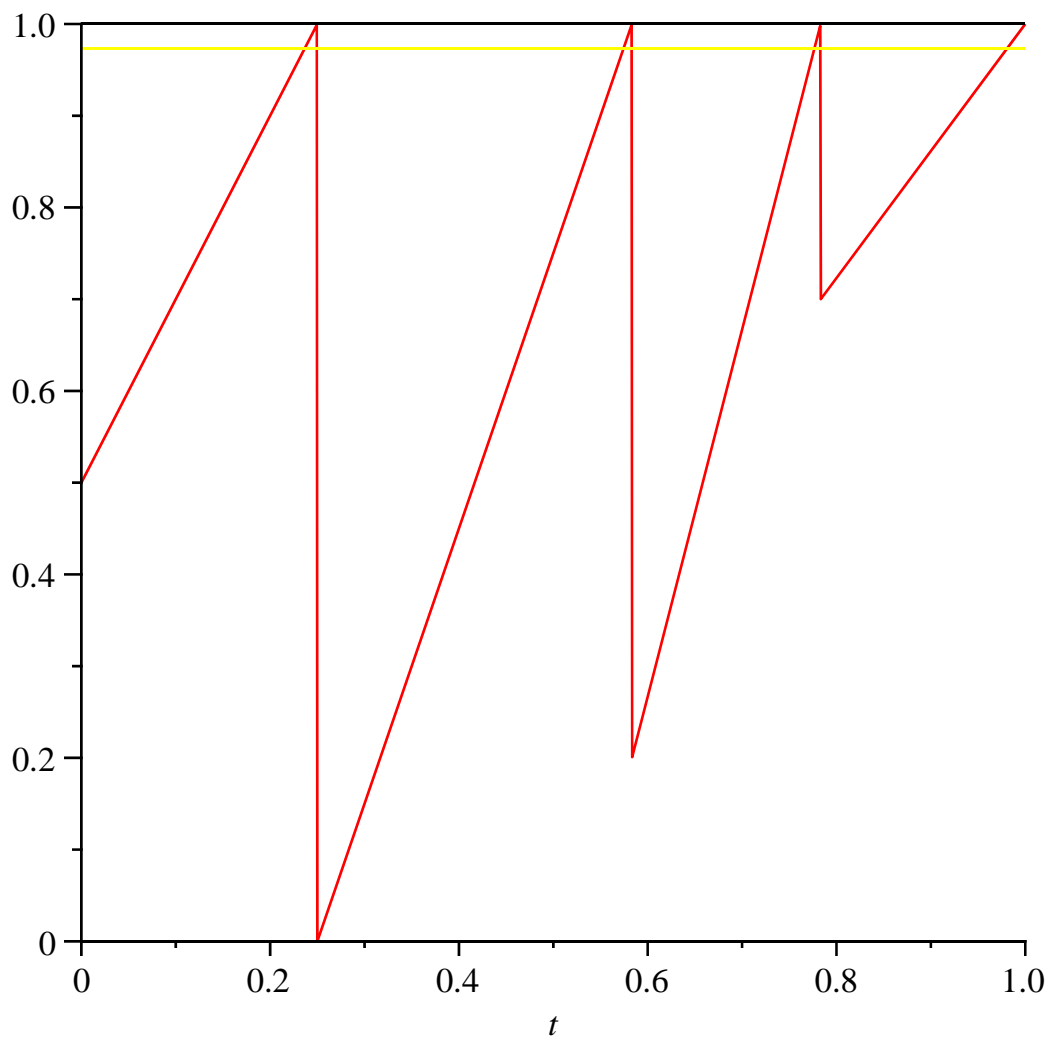
1

2

3

4

$err_8 := 1.023795377 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

1

2

3

4

$err_0 := -2.331835501 \cdot 10^{-13}$

$y =, 0.0022424170$

$err[0, j] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.1800187484$

$err[1, j] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.2427552057$

$err[2, j] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.3842622684$

$err[3, j] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

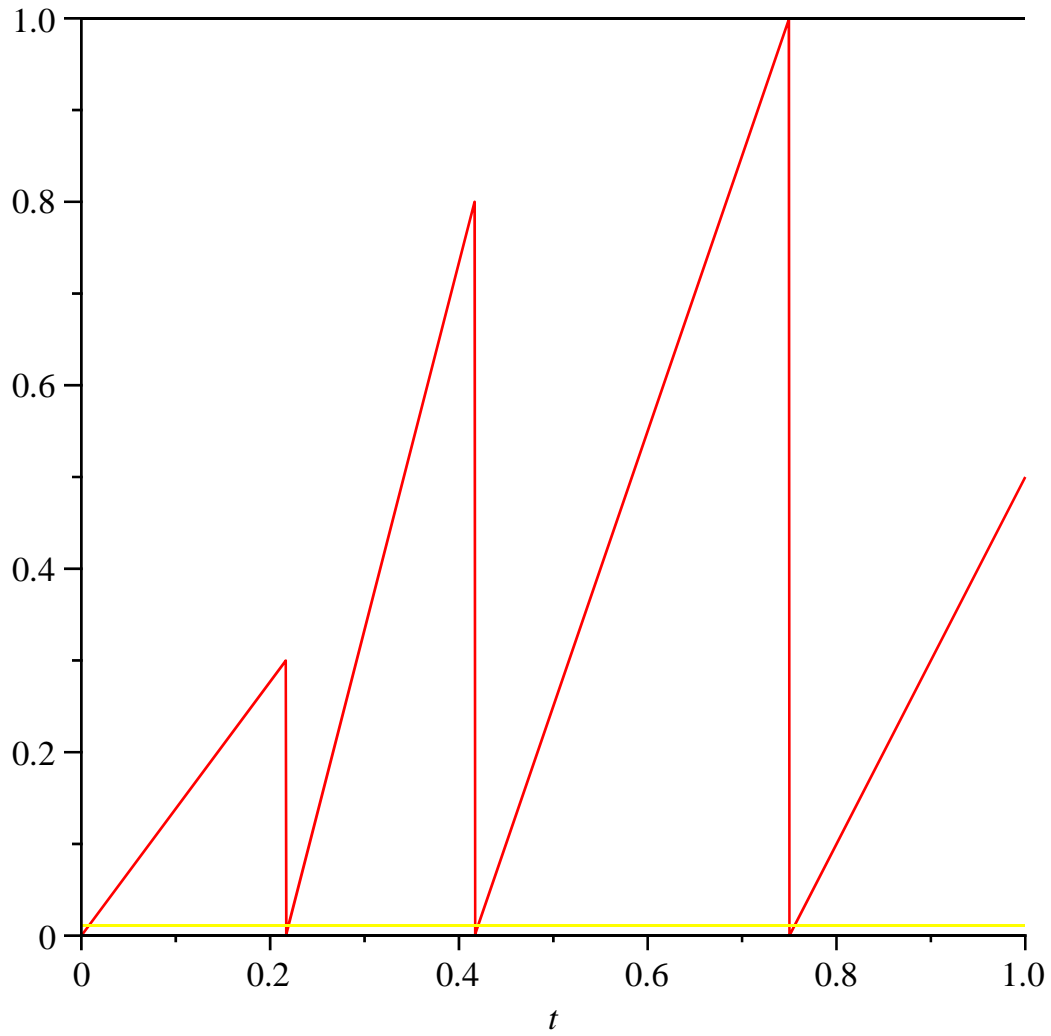
$y =, 0.4412286286$

$err[4, j] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.5996417214$

$err[5, j] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

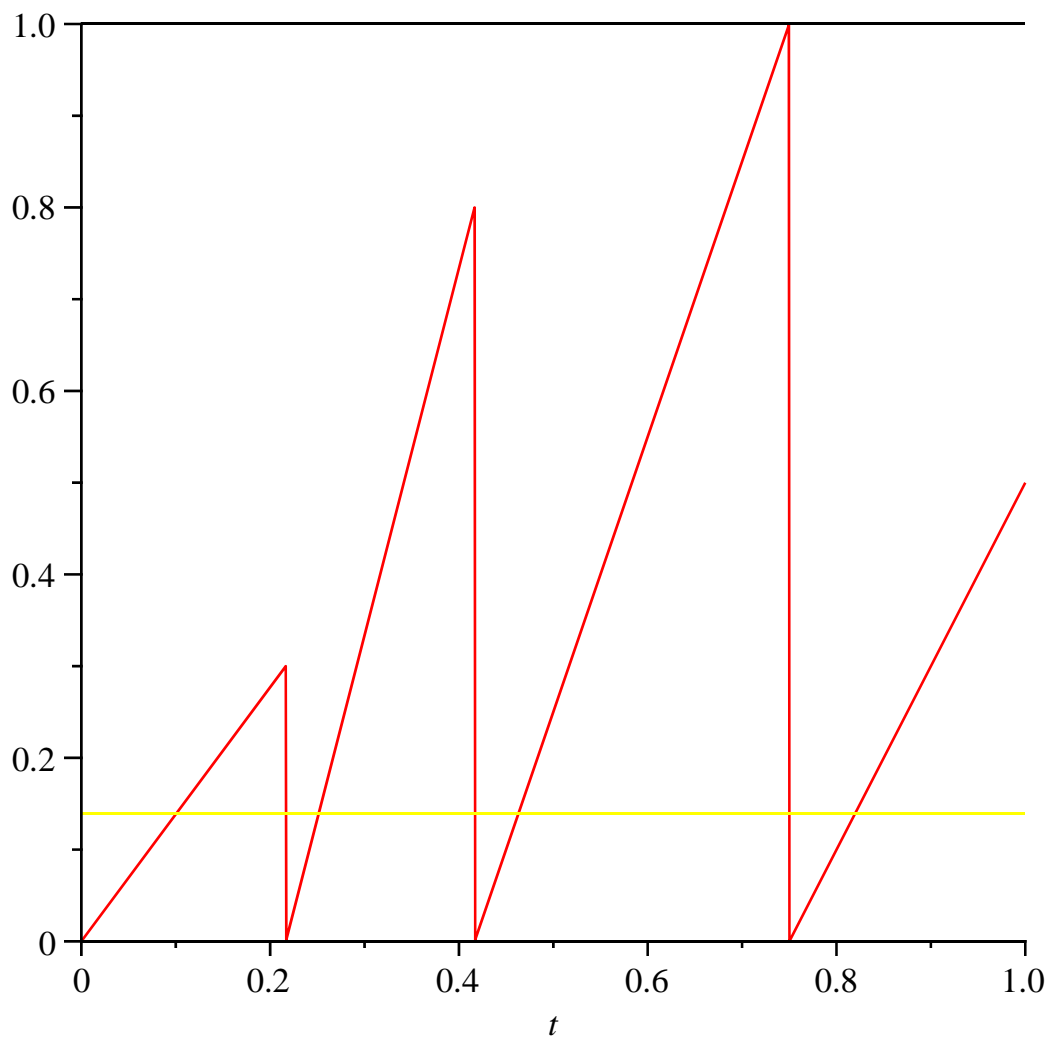
$y =, 0.6386408307$
 $err[, 6,] =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$
 $y =, 0.7694607189$
 $err[, 7,] =, 1.023798059 \cdot 10^{-14}$
 $y =, 0.8773012980$
 $err[, 8,] =, 1.023795377 \cdot 10^{-14}$
 $y =, 0.9730616293$
 $err[, 9,] =, -2.331835501 \cdot 10^{-13}$



$su := 0$

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

$err_0 := -2.331835501 \cdot 10^{-13}$



$su := 0$

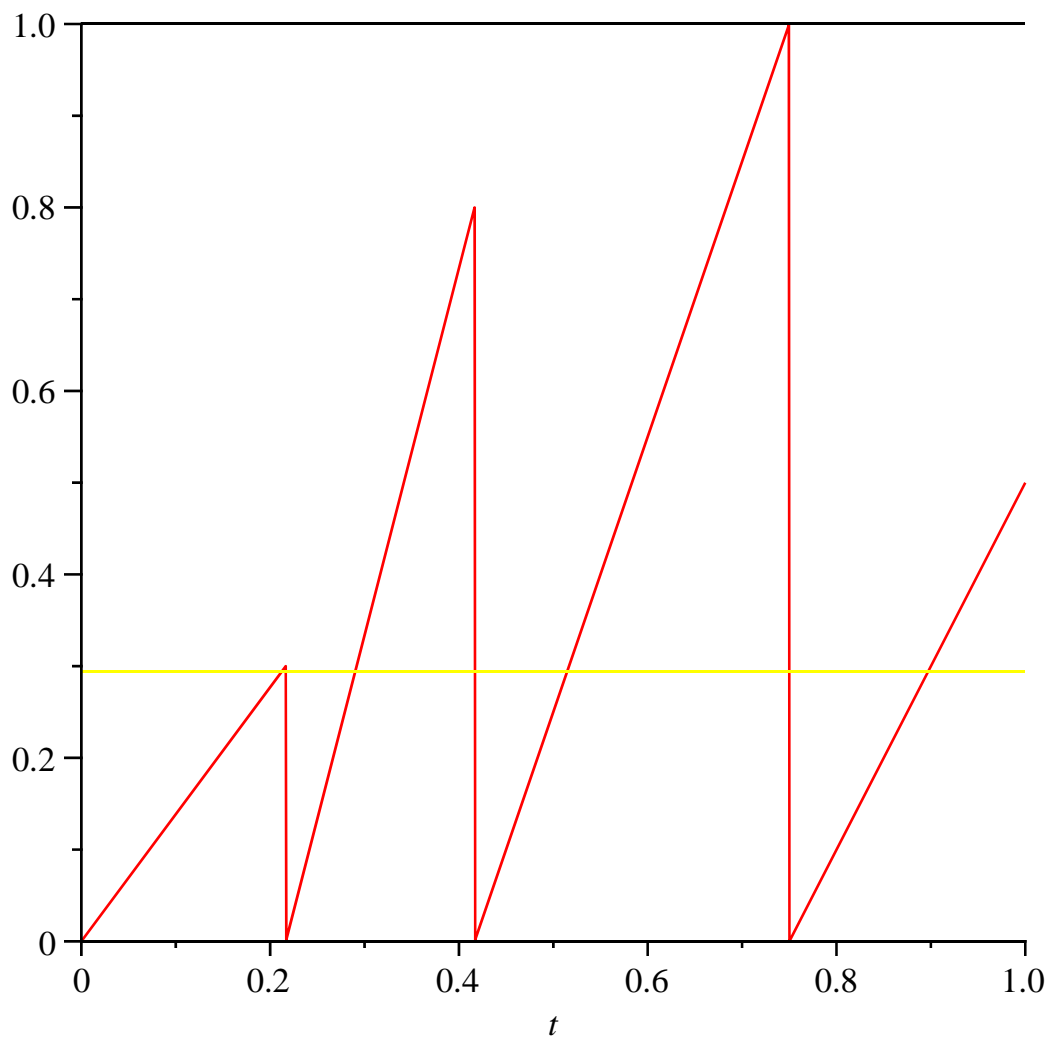
1

2

3

4

$err_1 := 1.023795377 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

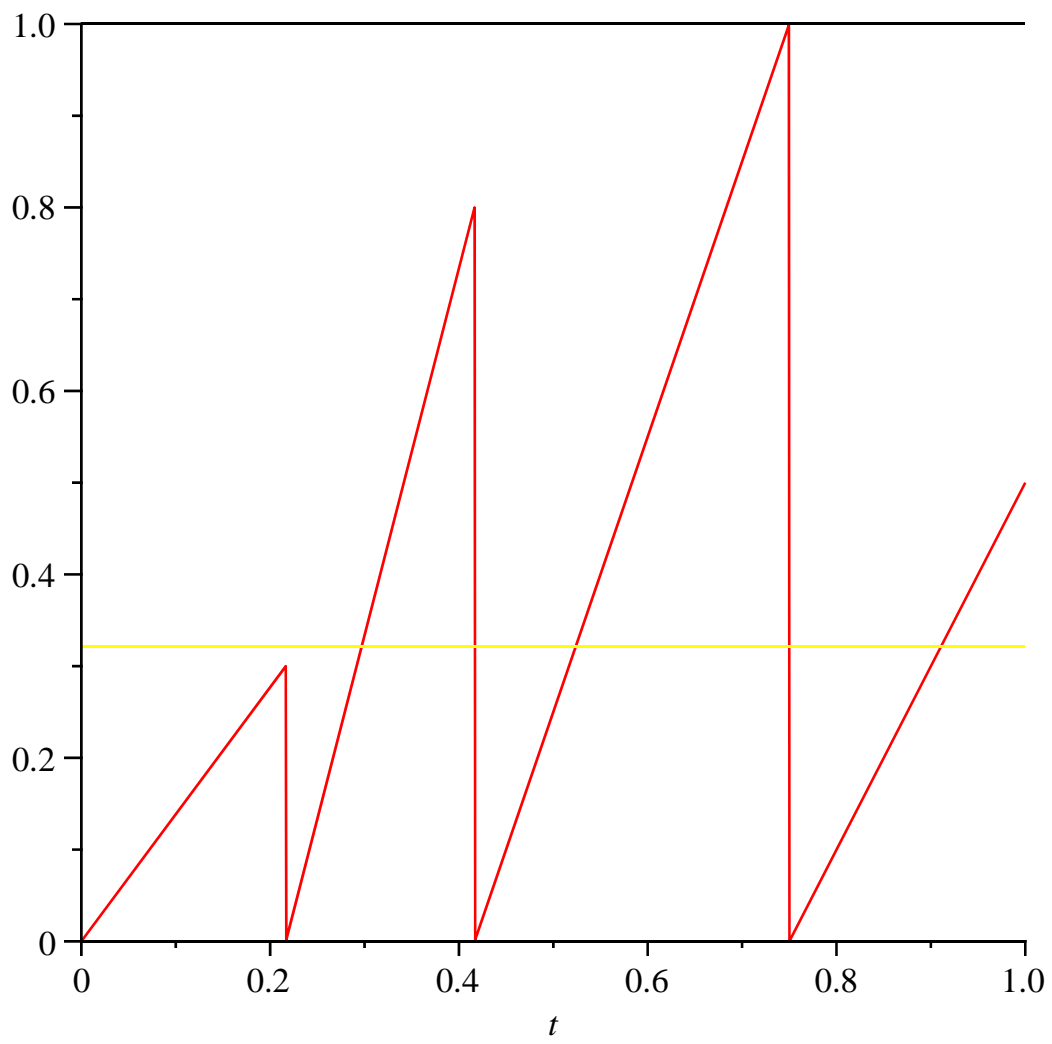
1

2

3

4

$err_2 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



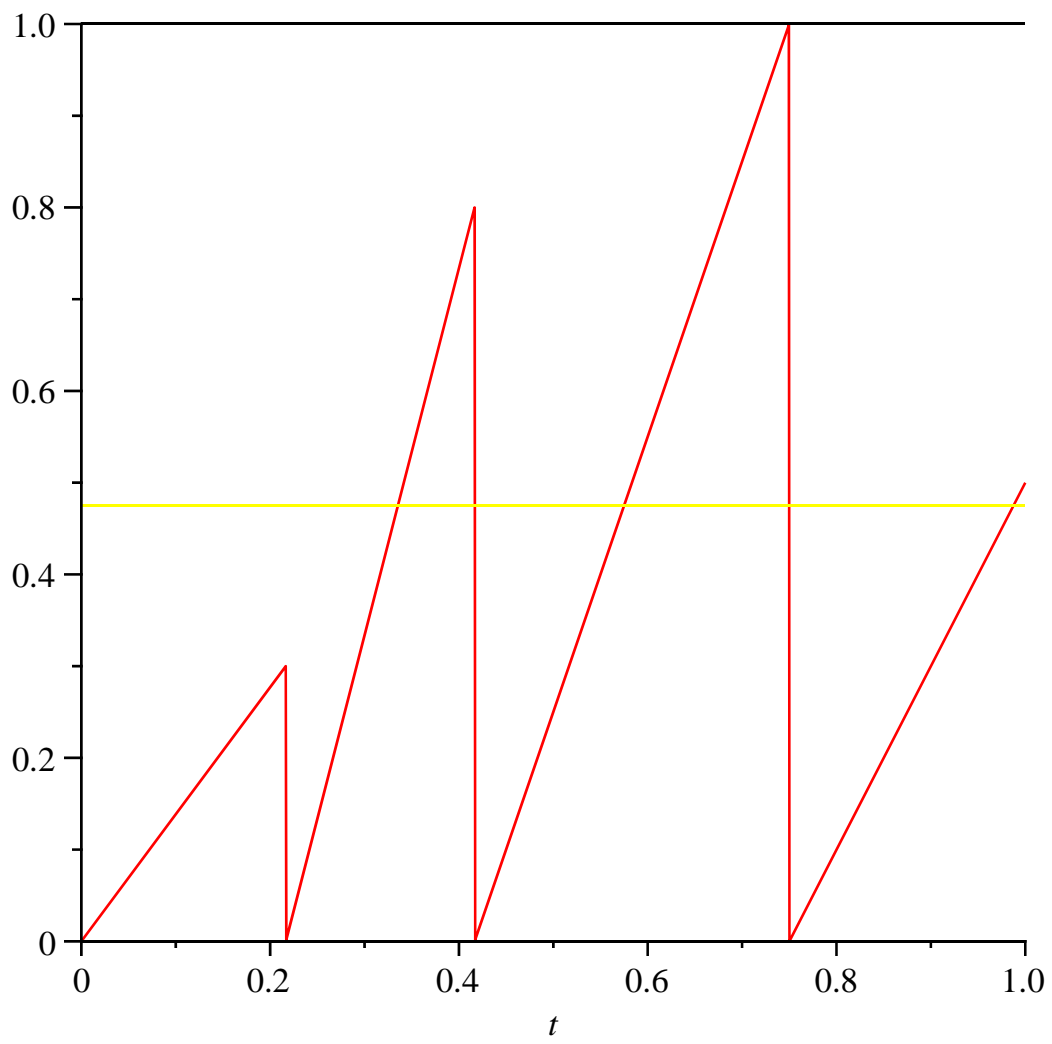
$su := 0$

2

3

4

$err_3 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



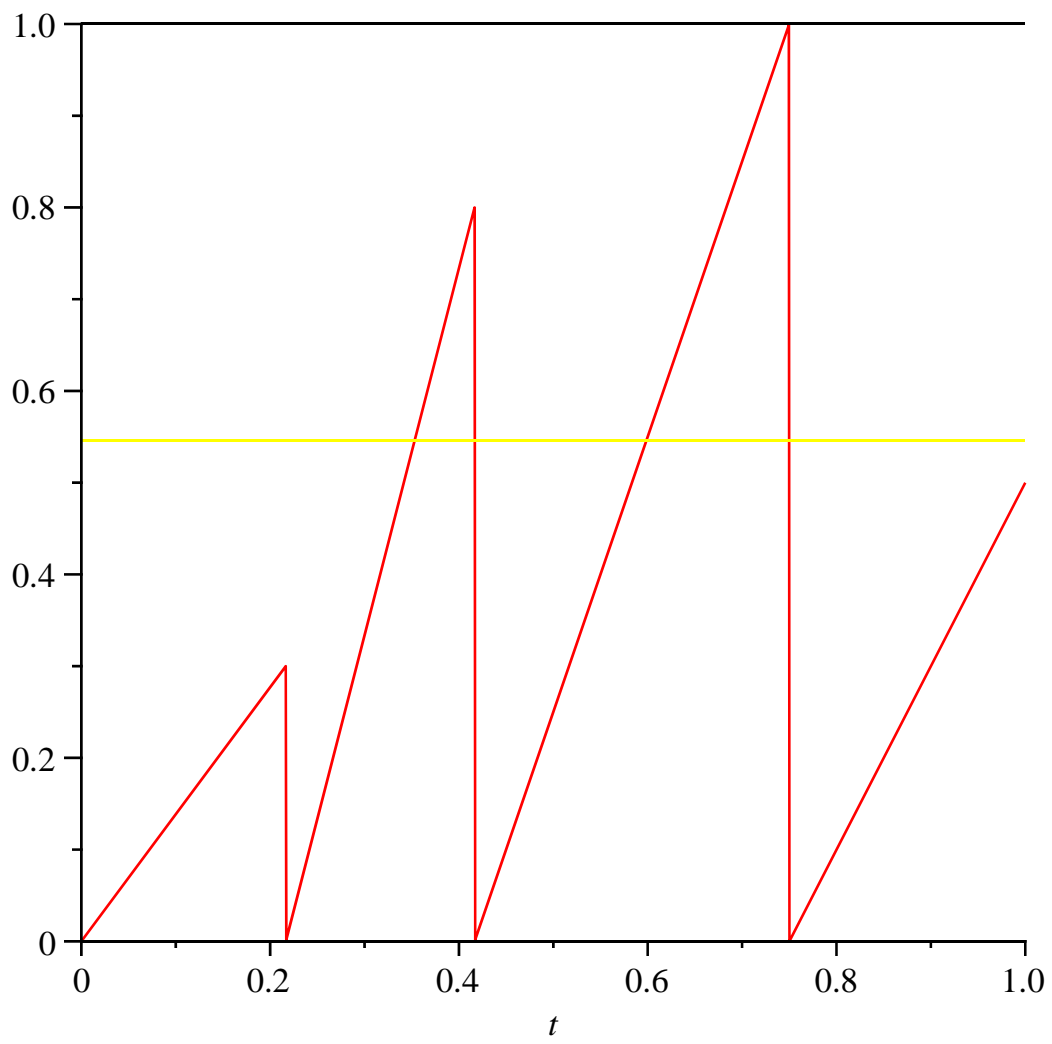
$su := 0$

2

3

4

$err_4 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

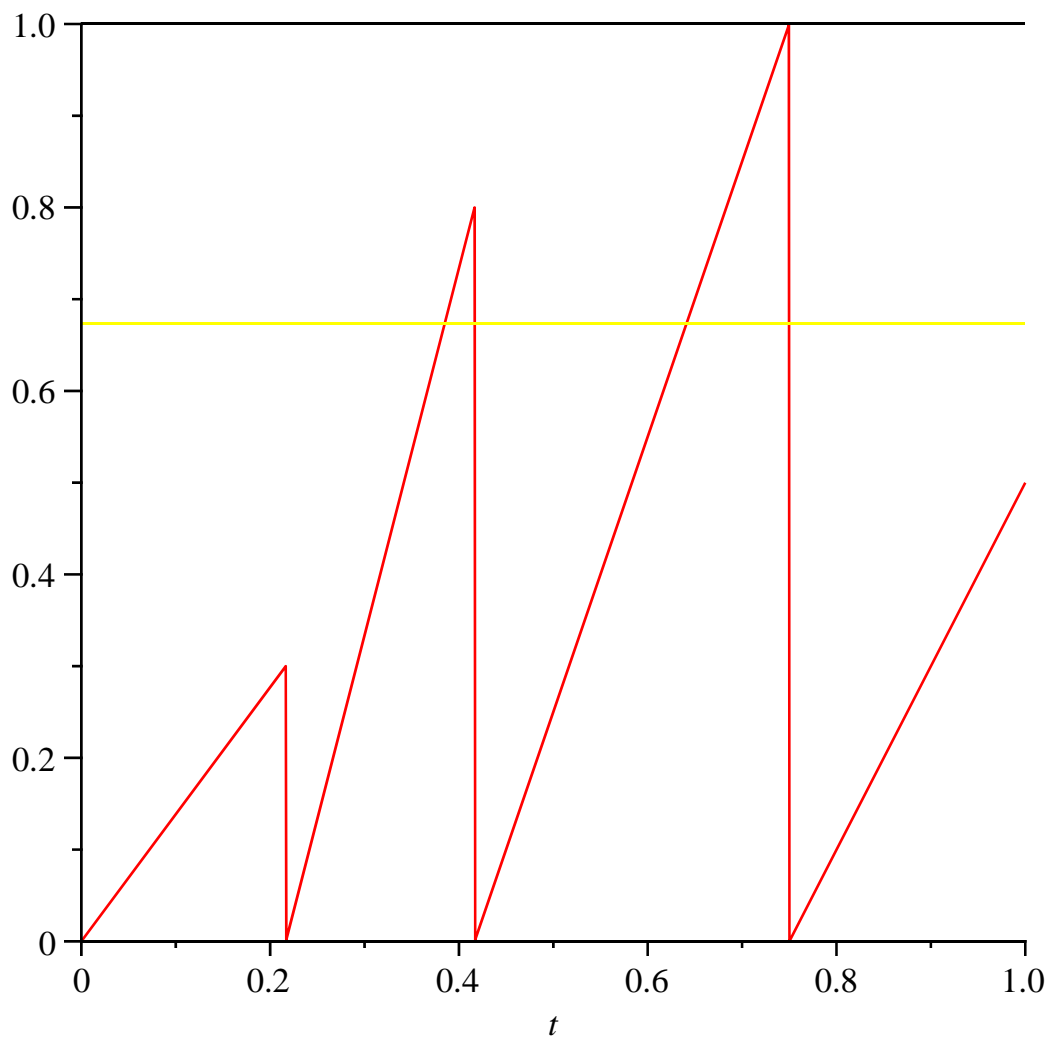


$su := 0$

2

3

$err_5 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

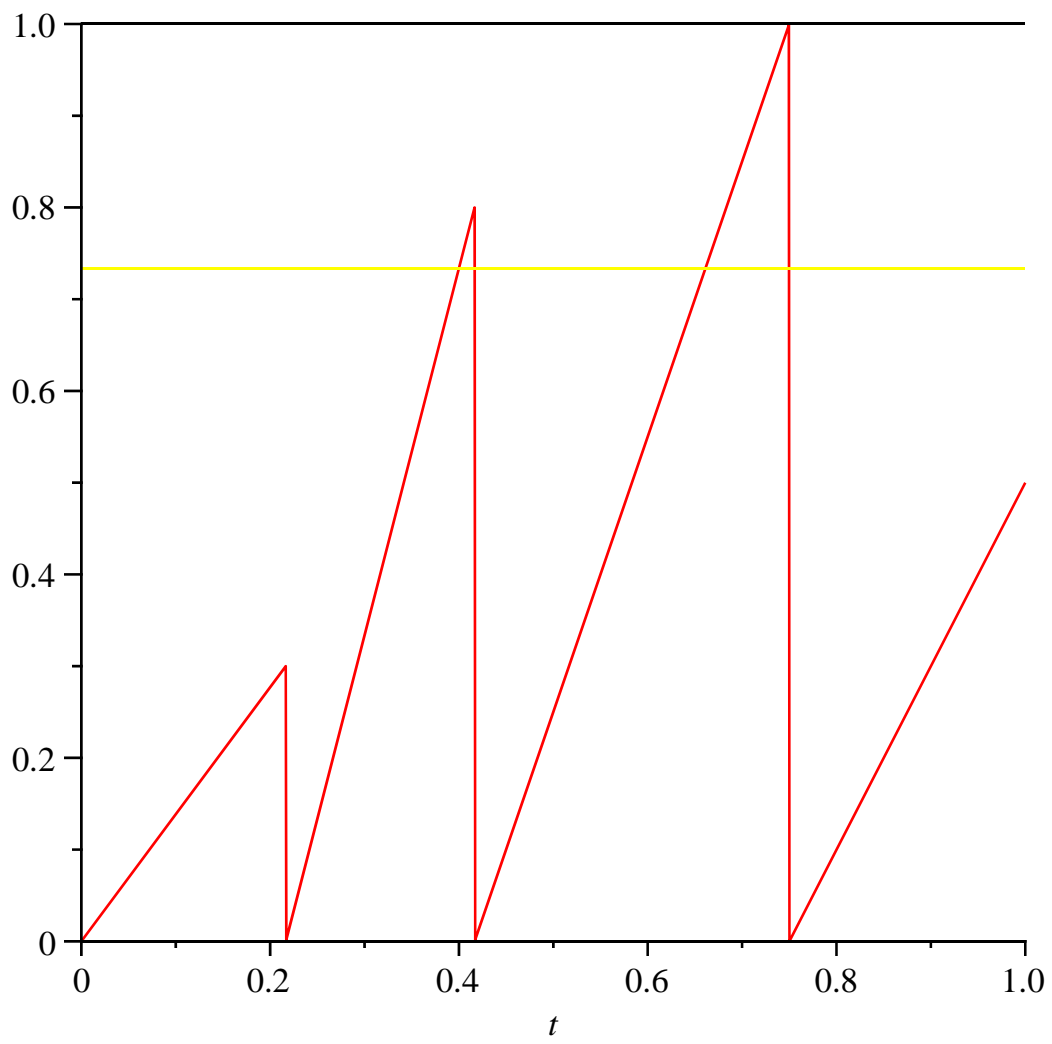


$su := 0$

2

3

$err_6 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

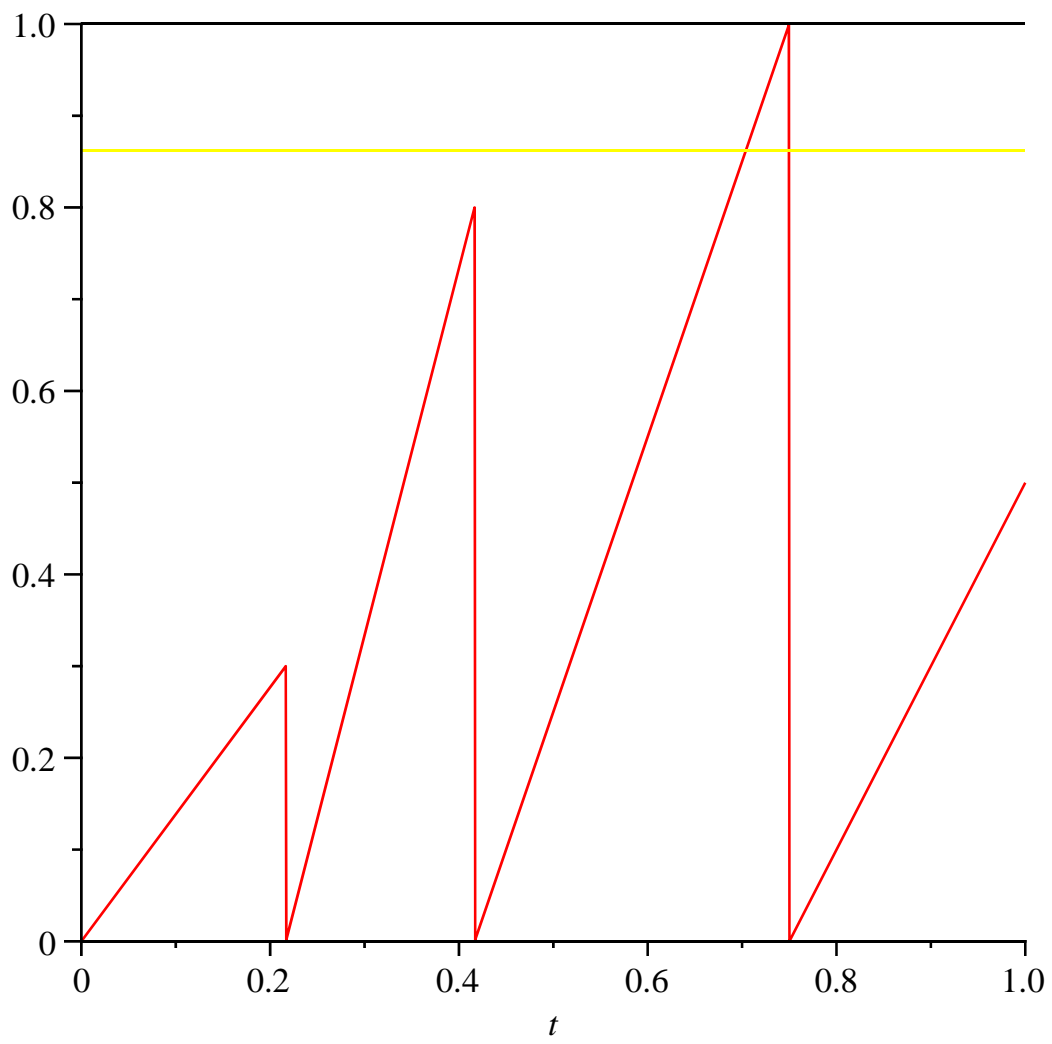


$su := 0$

2

3

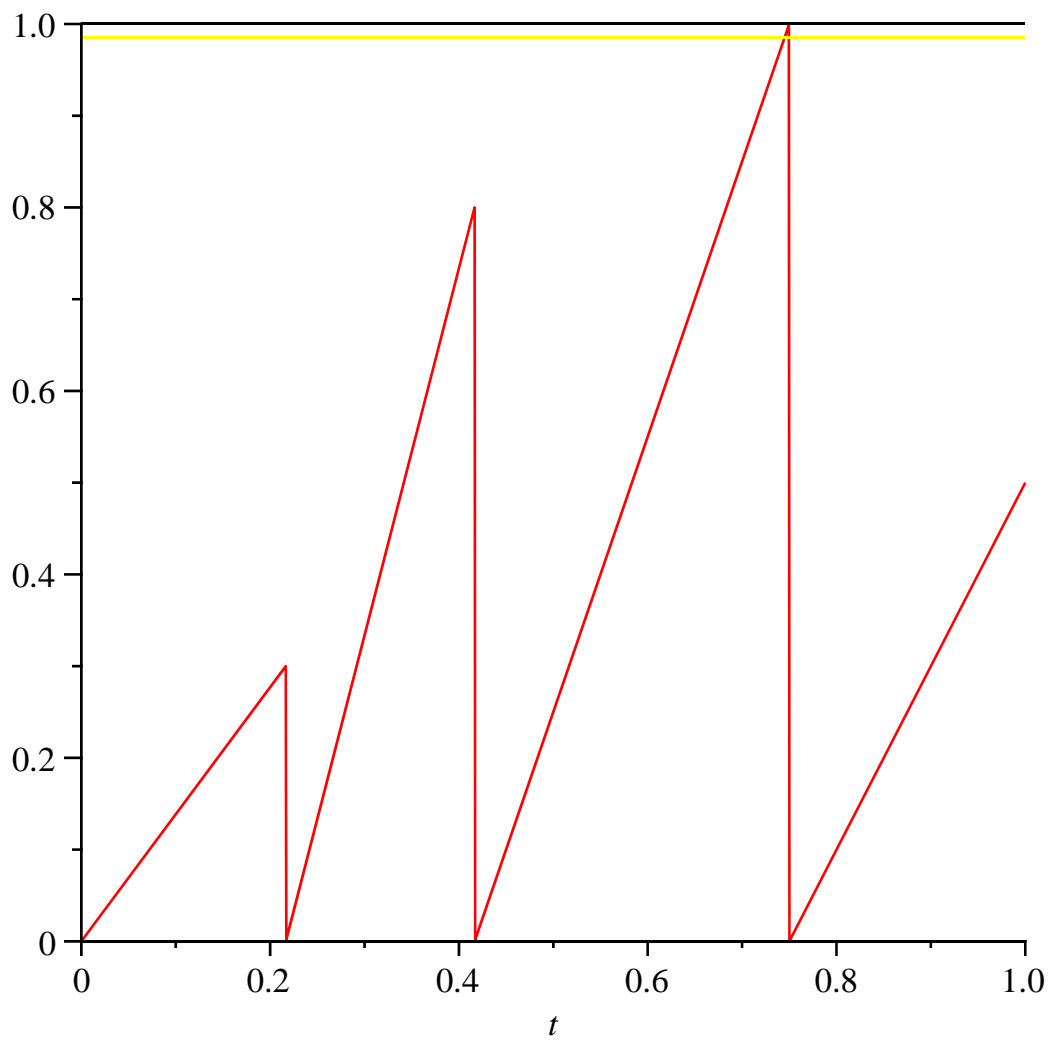
$err_7 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

3

$err_8 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$



$su := 0$

3

$err_9 := 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.0106507054$

$err[, 0, j =, -2.331835501 \cdot 10^{-13}$

$y =, 0.1396412723$

$err[, 1, j =, 1.023795377 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.2944913350$

$err[, 2, j =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.3210936429$

$err[, 3, j =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.4750072072$

$err[, 4, j =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.5454744397$

$err[, 5, j =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.6736602622$

$err[, 6, j =, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.7329844592$

$err[, 7, j]=, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.8615732069$

$err[, 8, j]=, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

$y =, 0.9847018765$

$err[, 9, j]=, 2.475363054 \cdot 10^{-14}$

